
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

- QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2026

OR

- TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission file number: 000-51026

Monolithic Power Systems, Inc.
(Exact name of registrant
as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

77-0466789
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification Number)

**1555 Palm Beach Lakes Blvd.,
West Palm Beach, Florida 33401**
(Address of principal executive offices)(Zip Code)⁽¹⁾

(561) 839-3999
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$0.001 par value per share	MPWR	The NASDAQ Global Select Market

- (1) We have operations in multiple locations in the U.S., Europe and Asia and have not identified a single location as the Company's headquarters. We are including this address to comply with the Securities and Exchange Commission's requirements.

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of “large accelerated filer,” “accelerated filer,” “smaller reporting company,” and “emerging growth company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer
Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

There were 49,130,000 shares of the registrant’s common stock issued and outstanding as of April 27, 2026.

MONOLITHIC POWER SYSTEMS, INC.

Form 10-Q
For the Quarter Ended March 31, 2026

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

MONOLITHIC POWER SYSTEMS, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except par value)

(Unaudited)

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,062,930	\$ 1,099,302
Short-term investments	304,179	157,243
Accounts receivable, net	302,138	255,626
Inventories	619,159	564,649
Other current assets	42,689	106,982
Total current assets	2,331,095	2,183,802
Property and equipment, net	693,864	627,689
Acquisition-related intangible assets, net	8,503	8,790
Goodwill	25,944	25,944
Deferred tax assets, net	1,182,845	1,182,883
Other long-term assets	206,615	165,091
Total assets	\$ 4,448,866	\$ 4,194,199
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 174,499	\$ 138,272
Accrued compensation and related benefits	98,768	85,963
Other accrued liabilities	213,691	145,130
Total current liabilities	486,958	369,365
Income tax liabilities	75,022	75,022
Deferred tax liabilities	90,316	90,480
Other long-term liabilities	119,160	127,835
Total liabilities	771,456	662,702
Commitments and contingencies (Note 7)		
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock and additional paid-in capital: \$0.001 par value; shares authorized: 150,000; shares issued and outstanding: 49,129 and 48,709, respectively	983,926	936,998
Retained earnings	2,703,596	2,609,651
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(10,112)	(15,152)
Total stockholders' equity	3,677,410	3,531,497
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 4,448,866	\$ 4,194,199

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

MONOLITHIC POWER SYSTEMS, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(In thousands, except per-share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Revenue	\$ 804,185	\$ 637,554
Cost of revenue	359,120	284,324
Gross profit	445,065	353,230
Operating expenses:		
Research and development	100,566	92,227
Selling, general and administrative	103,347	92,244
Total operating expenses	203,913	184,471
Operating income	241,152	168,759
Other income, net	6,030	5,131
Income before income taxes	247,182	173,890
Income tax expense	53,956	38,838
Net income	\$ 193,226	\$ 135,052
Net income per share:		
Basic	\$ 3.94	\$ 2.82
Diluted	\$ 3.92	\$ 2.81
Weighted-average shares outstanding:		
Basic	49,097	47,851
Diluted	49,242	48,006

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

MONOLITHIC POWER SYSTEMS, INC.**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Net income	\$ 193,226	\$ 135,052
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		
Foreign currency translation adjustments	5,039	5,139
Net change in unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities	1	48
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	5,040	5,187
Comprehensive income	\$ 198,266	\$ 140,239

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

MONOLITHIC POWER SYSTEMS, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
(In thousands, except per-share amounts)
(Unaudited)

Three Months Ended March 31, 2026	Common Stock and Additional Paid-in Capital		Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount			
Balance as of January 1, 2026	48,709	\$ 936,998	\$ 2,609,651	\$ (15,152)	\$ 3,531,497
Net income	-	-	193,226	-	193,226
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	5,040	5,040
Dividends and dividend equivalents declared (\$2.00 per share)	-	-	(99,281)	-	(99,281)
Common stock issued	420	5,830	-	-	5,830
Stock-based compensation expense	-	41,098	-	-	41,098
Balance as of March 31, 2026	49,129	\$ 983,926	\$ 2,703,596	\$ (10,112)	\$ 3,677,410

Three Months Ended March 31, 2025	Common Stock and Additional Paid-in Capital		Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount			
Balance as of January 1, 2025	47,823	\$ 706,817	\$ 2,292,819	\$ (48,511)	\$ 2,951,125
Net income	-	-	135,052	-	135,052
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	5,187	5,187
Dividends and dividend equivalents declared (\$1.56 per share)	-	-	(75,877)	-	(75,877)
Common stock issued	54	5,335	-	-	5,335
Stock-based compensation expense	-	52,807	-	-	52,807
Balance as of March 31, 2025	47,877	\$ 764,959	\$ 2,351,994	\$ (43,324)	\$ 3,073,629

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

MONOLITHIC POWER SYSTEMS, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 193,226	\$ 135,052
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	15,106	11,449
Loss on deferred compensation plan investments	1,588	1,350
Deferred taxes, net	(152)	7,170
Stock-based compensation expense	41,098	52,806
Other	(696)	(748)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(46,512)	(42,338)
Inventories	(54,507)	(35,180)
Other assets	17,525	78,005
Accounts payable	29,730	21,296
Accrued compensation and related benefits	12,576	10,609
Income tax liabilities	25,973	21,471
Other accrued liabilities	15,298	(4,555)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>250,253</u>	<u>256,387</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of property and equipment	(70,849)	(40,342)
Sales of property and equipment	6,422	-
Purchases of investments	(161,809)	(357,633)
Maturities and sales of investments	14,437	141,065
Contributions to deferred compensation plan	(523)	(575)
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(212,322)</u>	<u>(257,485)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Property and equipment purchased on extended payment terms	(2,697)	(1,243)
Proceeds from common stock issued	5,830	5,335
Dividends and dividend equivalents paid	(78,399)	(60,008)
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>(75,266)</u>	<u>(55,916)</u>
Effect of change in exchange rates	961	2,555
Net decrease in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	<u>(36,374)</u>	<u>(54,459)</u>
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of period	1,099,521	691,941
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of period	<u>\$ 1,063,147</u>	<u>\$ 637,482</u>
Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash to the condensed consolidated balance sheets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,062,930	\$ 637,354
Restricted cash included in other long-term assets	217	128
Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	<u>\$ 1,063,147</u>	<u>\$ 637,482</u>
Supplemental disclosures for cash flow information:		
Cash paid (refunded) for income taxes, net	\$ 31,438	\$ (218)
Non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Liability accrued for property and equipment purchases	\$ 11,038	\$ 14,611
Liability accrued for dividends and dividend equivalents	\$ 99,312	\$ 75,939

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

MONOLITHIC POWER SYSTEMS, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

I. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of Monolithic Power Systems, Inc., a Delaware corporation, and its wholly owned subsidiaries (the “Company” or “MPS”) have been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”). Certain information and disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“U.S. GAAP”) have been condensed or omitted in accordance with these accounting principles, rules and regulations. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. The information in this report should be read in conjunction with the Company’s audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025, filed with the SEC on February 27, 2026.

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly the Company’s financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods presented. The financial statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2026 or for any other future periods.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

There have been no changes to the Company’s significant accounting policies during the three months ended March 31, 2026 from those described in the Company’s audited consolidated financial statements included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates and assumptions used in these condensed consolidated financial statements primarily include those related to income tax valuation allowances and stock-based compensation. Actual results could differ from these estimates and assumptions, and any such differences may be material to the Company’s condensed consolidated financial statements.

New Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted as of March 31, 2026

In November 2024, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2024-03, *Income Statement—Reporting Comprehensive Income—Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40): Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses*, which aims to provide more detailed information about the types of expenses in commonly presented expense captions. The Company will adopt this standard in its Form 10-K for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2027. The Company is evaluating the impact of adoption on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

2. REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenue from Product Sales

The Company generates revenue primarily from product sales, which include assembled and tested integrated circuits (“ICs”), power modules as well as dies in wafer form. The remaining revenue, which primarily consists of royalty revenue from licensing arrangements and revenue from wafer testing services performed for third parties, was not significant in any of the periods presented.

The Company derives a majority of its revenue from sales to customers located outside North America, with geographic revenue based on the customers’ ship-to locations. The following is a summary of revenue by geographic region for the periods presented (in thousands):

Country or Region	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
China	\$ 411,153	\$ 363,720
Taiwan	181,616	116,341
South Korea	81,806	64,364
Southeast Asia	40,749	32,706
Europe	35,799	24,992
U.S.	29,774	15,249
Japan	23,184	20,101
Other	104	81
Total	\$ 804,185	\$ 637,554

The Company sells its products to end customers primarily through third-party distributors and value-added resellers. For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, 88% and 83%, respectively, of the Company’s total sales were made through distribution arrangements. These distribution arrangements contain enforceable rights and obligations specific to those distributors and not the end customers.

The following table summarizes those customers with sales equal to 10% or more of the Company’s total revenue for the periods presented:

Customer	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Distributor A	26%	24%
Distributor B	16%	19%
Distributor C	*	11%

*Represents less than 10%.

The Company’s agreements with these third-party distributors were made in the ordinary course of business and may be terminated with or without cause by these distributors with advance notice. Although the Company may experience a short-term disruption in the distribution of its products and a short-term decline in revenue if its agreement with any of the distributors were terminated, the Company believes that such termination would not have a material adverse effect on its financial statements because it would be able to engage alternative distributors, resellers and other distribution channels to deliver its products to end customers within a relatively short period following any termination of the agreement with a distributor.

Purchase orders, which are generally governed by sales agreements or the Company’s standard terms of sale, set the final terms for unit price, quantity, shipping and payment agreed upon between the Company and the customer. The Company considers purchase orders to be contracts with the customers. The unit price as stated on the purchase orders is considered the observable, stand-alone selling price for the contracts.

The Company recognizes revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control of the promised goods or services to its customers, in an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. The Company excludes taxes assessed by government authorities, such as sales taxes, from revenue.

Product sales consist of a single performance obligation that the Company satisfies at a point in time. The Company recognizes product revenue from distributors and direct end customers when the following events have occurred: (a) the Company has transferred physical possession of the products, (b) the Company has a present right to payment, (c) the customer has legal title to the products, and (d) the customer bears significant risks and rewards of ownership of the products. In accordance with the shipping terms specified in the contracts, these criteria are generally met when the products are shipped from the Company’s facilities (such as the “Ex Works” shipping term) or delivered to the customers’ locations (such as the “Delivered Duty Paid” shipping term).

Under certain consignment agreements, the Company recognizes revenue when customers consume products from the consigned inventory locations, at which time control transfers to the customers and the Company issues invoices.

Variable Consideration

The Company accounts for price adjustments and stock rotation rights as variable consideration that reduces the transaction price and recognizes that reduction in the same period the associated revenue is recognized. Certain distributors have limited stock rotation rights that permit the return of a small percentage of the previous six months’ purchases in accordance with the contract terms. The Company estimates the stock rotation returns using the expected value method based on an analysis of historical returns, and the current level of inventory in the distribution channel. The Company records a liability for the stock rotation reserve, with a corresponding reduction to revenue. In addition, the Company recognizes an asset for product returns which represents the right to recover products from the customers related to stock rotations, with a corresponding reduction to cost of revenue.

Contract BalancesAccounts Receivable:

The Company records a receivable when it has an unconditional right to receive consideration after the performance obligations are satisfied. The Company's accounts receivable are short-term, with standard payment terms generally ranging from 30 to 90 days. The Company does not require its customers to provide collateral to support accounts receivable. The Company assesses collectability by reviewing accounts receivable on a customer-by-customer basis. To manage credit risk, management performs ongoing credit evaluations of the customers' financial condition, monitors payment performance, and assesses current economic conditions, as well as reasonable and supportable forecasts of future economic conditions, that may affect collectability of the outstanding receivables. For certain customers, the Company requires standby letters of credit or advance payments prior to shipments of goods. The Company did not recognize any write-offs of accounts receivable or record any allowance for credit losses for the periods presented.

The following table summarizes those customers with accounts receivable equal to 10% or more of the Company's total accounts receivable:

Customer	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
Distributor A	30%	35%
Value-added reseller A	17%	*
Distributor B	13%	14%

*Represents less than 10%.

Practical Expedients

The Company has elected the practical expedient to expense sales commissions as incurred because the amortization period would have been one year or less.

The Company's standard payment terms generally require customers to pay 30 to 90 days after the Company satisfies the performance obligations. For this reason, the Company has elected not to determine whether contracts with customers contain significant financing components.

The Company's unsatisfied performance obligations primarily include products held in consignment arrangements and customer purchase orders for products that the Company has not yet shipped. Because the Company expects to fulfill these performance obligations within one year, the Company has elected not to disclose the amount of these remaining performance obligations.

3. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

2014 Equity Incentive Plan

In April 2013, the Board of Directors adopted the Company’s 2014 Equity Incentive Plan (the “2014 Plan”), which the Company’s stockholders approved in June 2013. In October 2014, the Board of Directors approved certain amendments to the 2014 Plan. The amended 2014 Plan became effective on November 13, 2014 and provided for the issuance of up to 5.5 million shares. In April 2020, the Board of Directors further amended and restated the amended 2014 Plan (the “Amended and Restated 2014 Plan”), which the Company’s stockholders approved in June 2020. The Amended and Restated 2014 Plan became effective on June 11, 2020 and provides for the issuance of up to 10.5 million shares. The Amended and Restated 2014 Plan will cease being available for new awards on June 11, 2030. As of March 31, 2026, 3.4 million shares remained available for future issuance under the Amended and Restated 2014 Plan.

Stock-Based Compensation Expense

The Company recognized stock-based compensation expense as follows for the periods presented (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Cost of revenue	\$ 1,474	\$ 1,673
Research and development (“R&D”)	11,275	11,678
Selling, general and administrative (“SG&A”)	28,349	39,455
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$ 41,098	\$ 52,806
Tax benefit related to stock-based compensation (1)	\$ 758	\$ 460

(1) Amount reflects the tax benefit related to stock-based compensation recorded for equity awards that are expected to generate tax deductions when they vest in future periods. Equity awards granted to the Company’s executive officers are subject to the tax deduction limitations set by Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Restricted Stock Units (“RSUs”)

The Company’s RSUs include time-based RSUs, RSUs with performance conditions (“PSUs”) and RSUs with market conditions (“MSUs”). Vesting of awards with performance conditions or market conditions is subject to the achievement of pre-determined performance or market goals and the approval of such achievement by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors (the “Compensation Committee”). All awards include service conditions which require continued employment with or service to the Company.

A summary of RSU activity is presented in the table below (in thousands, except per-share amounts):

	Total Time-based RSUs, PSUs and MSUs	
	Number of Shares	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value Per Share
Outstanding at January 1, 2026	771	\$ 535.78
Granted	208 (1)	\$ 958.65
Vested	(64)	\$ 398.06
Forfeited	(14)	\$ 543.83
Outstanding at March 31, 2026	901	\$ 677.43

(1) Amount reflects the number of awards that may ultimately be earned based on management’s probability assessment of the achievement of performance conditions at each reporting period.

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The fair value related to vested RSUs, as of their respective vesting dates, was \$75.2 million and \$31.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, respectively. As of March 31, 2026, unamortized compensation expense related to all outstanding RSUs was \$390.2 million with a weighted-average remaining recognition period of approximately two years. RSUs generally vest over four years for non-executive employees, three years for executives, and one year for directors, all subject to continued service with the Company.

2026 Executive PSUs:

In February 2026, the Compensation Committee granted 42,000 PSUs to the executive officers, which represent the target number of shares that can be earned based on the degree of achievement of two sets of independent performance goals (the “2026 Executive PSUs”). For the first goal, the executive officers can earn up to 300% of the target number of the 2026 Executive PSUs based on the achievement of the Company’s three-year (2026 through 2028) average revenue growth rate in excess of the analog industry’s three-year average revenue growth rate as published by the Semiconductor Industry Association (the “SIA”). For the second goal, the executive officers can earn up to 200% of the target number of the 2026 Executive PSUs if the Company secures manufacturing capacity that can support a specified level of annual revenue at the end of the three-year performance period. For both goals, a percentage of the 2026 Executive PSUs will fully vest on December 31, 2028, depending on the degree to which the pre-determined goals are met during the performance period. Assuming the achievement of the highest level of the performance goals, the total stock-based compensation cost for the 2026 Executive PSUs will be \$208.2 million.

The 2026 Executive PSUs contain a purchase price feature, which requires the executives to pay the Company up to \$300 per share upon vesting of the shares. The \$300 purchase price requirement for executives is deemed satisfied and fully waived if the Company’s stock price on the last trading day of the applicable performance period is \$300 higher than the grant date stock price of \$1,164.83. The Company determined the grant date fair value of the 2026 Executive PSUs using a Monte Carlo simulation model with the following assumptions: stock price of \$1,164.83, simulation term of three years, expected volatility of 53.39%, risk-free interest rate of 3.60%, and expected dividend yield of 0.69%. There is no illiquidity discount because the awards do not contain any post-vesting sales restrictions.

4. BALANCE SHEET COMPONENTS

Inventories

Inventories consist of the following (in thousands):

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
Raw materials	\$ 86,218	\$ 107,801
Work in process	263,067	220,410
Finished goods	269,874	236,438
Total	<u>\$ 619,159</u>	<u>\$ 564,649</u>

Other Current Assets

Other current assets consist of the following (in thousands):

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
Prepays and other	\$ 42,689	\$ 46,982
Other receivables (1)	-	60,000
Total	<u>\$ 42,689</u>	<u>\$ 106,982</u>

(1) Other receivables relate to an annually refundable deposit made to a supplier under a long-term wafer supply agreement. The deposit was received in the quarter ended March 31, 2026.

Other Long-Term Assets

Other long-term assets consist of the following (in thousands):

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
Deferred compensation plan assets	\$ 106,031	\$ 107,096
Refundable deposit (1)	40,000	-
Other	60,584	57,995
Total	<u>\$ 206,615</u>	<u>\$ 165,091</u>

(1) The refundable deposit as of March 31, 2026 is for a long-term assembly service agreement.

Other Accrued Liabilities

Other accrued liabilities consist of the following (in thousands):

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
Dividends and dividend equivalents	\$ 103,485	\$ 81,510
Stock rotation and sales returns	21,635	17,150
Income tax payable	28,912	2,920
Other	59,659	43,550
Total	<u>\$ 213,691</u>	<u>\$ 145,130</u>

Other Long-Term Liabilities

Other long-term liabilities consist of the following (in thousands):

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
Deferred compensation plan liabilities	\$ 96,374	\$ 103,954
Operating lease liabilities	19,968	19,972
Dividend equivalents	2,818	3,909
Total	<u>\$ 119,160</u>	<u>\$ 127,835</u>

5. NET INCOME PER SHARE

Basic net income per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period. Diluted net income per share reflects the potential dilution from contingently issuable shares and is calculated using the treasury stock method. Contingently issuable shares, including all types of equity awards, are considered outstanding shares of common stock and included in basic net income per share as of the date that all necessary conditions to earn the awards have been satisfied. Prior to the end of the contingency period, the number of contingently issuable shares included in diluted net income per share is based on the number of shares, if any, that would be issuable under the terms of the arrangement at the end of the reporting period as if the end of the reporting period were the end of the contingency period.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net income per share for the periods presented (in thousands, except per-share amounts):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Numerator:		
Net income	\$ 193,226	\$ 135,052
Denominator:		
Weighted-average outstanding shares—basic	49,097	47,851
Effect of dilutive securities	145	155
Weighted-average outstanding shares—diluted	49,242	48,006
Net income per share:		
Basic	\$ 3.94	\$ 2.82
Diluted	\$ 3.92	\$ 2.81

Anti-dilutive common stock equivalents were not material for the periods presented.

6. SEGMENT AND GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

The Company operates in one reportable segment that includes the design, development, marketing and sale of high-performance, semiconductor-based power electronics solutions for the storage and computing, enterprise data, automotive, industrial, communications, and consumer end markets. The Company's chief operating decision maker ("CODM") is its Chief Executive Officer, who reviews financial information presented on a consolidated basis for the purposes of allocating resources and evaluating financial performance. Specifically, the CODM uses net income that is reported on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations, and cash provided by operating activities reported in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, to decide whether and how much to reinvest profits into core business operations or to return to stockholders in the form of stock repurchases and dividends.

All significant segment expenses have been captured on the face of the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The following is a summary of long-lived assets by geographic region (in thousands):

Country	March 31,	December 31,
	2026	2025
China	\$ 356,585	\$ 332,506
U.S.	205,534	165,107
Taiwan	64,981	65,081
Other	66,764	64,995
Total	\$ 693,864	\$ 627,689

7. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Product Warranties and Rework

The Company generally provides either a one- or two-year warranty against defects in materials and workmanship and will repair the products, provide replacements at no charge to customers or issue a refund. As they are considered assurance-type warranties, the Company does not account for them as separate performance obligations. The Company accrues for warranty and rework costs upon evaluation of customer specific claims. Historically, the Company's warranty obligations and rework costs associated with product-related claims have not been material. The estimated amount of product warranty and rework liabilities was \$12.2 million and \$10.1 million for the periods ended March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025.

Purchase Commitments

The Company has outstanding purchase obligations with its suppliers and other parties that require the purchases of goods or services. The purchase obligations primarily consist of wafer and other inventory purchases, assembly and other manufacturing services, construction of manufacturing and R&D facilities, purchases of production and other equipment, and license arrangements.

Total estimated future unconditional purchase commitments to all suppliers and other parties as of March 31, 2026 were as follows (in thousands):

2026 (remaining nine months)	\$	397,721
2027		190,022
2028		486
2029		486
Total	\$	<u>588,715</u>

Litigation

The Company is a party to actions and proceedings in the ordinary course of business, including challenges to the enforceability or validity of its intellectual property, claims that the Company's products infringe on the intellectual property rights of others, and employment matters. The Company is also subject to litigation initiated by its stockholders. These proceedings often involve complex questions of fact and law and may require the expenditure of significant funds and the diversion of other resources to prosecute and defend. The Company defends itself vigorously against any such claims. Based on current information, the Company does not believe that a material loss from known matters is probable as of March 31, 2026.

8. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The following is a summary of the Company's cash, cash equivalents and debt investments (in thousands):

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
Cash	\$ 932,144	\$ 969,628
Money market funds	130,786	129,674
Certificates of deposit	304,179	157,243
Auction-rate securities backed by student-loan notes	49	49
Total	\$ 1,367,158	\$ 1,256,594

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
Reported as:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,062,930	\$ 1,099,302
Short-term investments	304,179	157,243
Investment within other long-term assets	49	49
Total	\$ 1,367,158	\$ 1,256,594

The following table summarizes the contractual maturities of the short-term and long-term available-for-sale investments as of March 31, 2026 (in thousands):

	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
Due in less than 1 year	\$ 202,786	\$ 202,786
Due in 1 - 5 years	101,393	101,393
Due in greater than 5 years	50	49
Total	\$ 304,229	\$ 304,228

Gross realized gains and losses recognized on the sales of available-for-sale investments were not material for the periods presented.

9. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair Value Hierarchy

The Company has estimated the fair value of its financial assets by applying the following hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value into three levels and bases the categorization within the hierarchy upon the lowest level of input that is available and significant to the fair value measurement:

- Level 1—includes instruments with quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.
- Level 2—includes instruments for which the valuations are based upon quoted market prices in active markets involving similar assets or inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets. The market inputs used to value these instruments generally consist of market yields, recently executed transactions, broker/dealer quotes or alternative pricing sources with reasonable levels of price transparency. Pricing sources may include industry standard data providers, security master files from large financial institutions, and other third-party sources used to determine a daily market value.
- Level 3—includes instruments for which the valuations are based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The following tables detail the fair value of the Company’s financial assets measured on a recurring basis (in thousands):

	March 31, 2026			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Money market funds	\$ 130,786	\$ 130,786	\$ -	\$ -
Certificates of deposit	304,179	-	304,179	-
Auction-rate securities backed by student-loan notes	49	-	-	49
Mutual funds and money market funds under deferred compensation plan	75,231	75,231	-	-
Total	\$ 510,245	\$ 206,017	\$ 304,179	\$ 49

	December 31, 2025			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Money market funds	\$ 129,674	\$ 129,674	\$ -	\$ -
Certificates of deposit	157,243	-	157,243	-
Auction-rate securities backed by student-loan notes	49	-	-	49
Mutual funds and money market funds under deferred compensation plan	75,484	75,484	-	-
Total	\$ 362,450	\$ 205,158	\$ 157,243	\$ 49

10. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The following table summarizes the deferred compensation plan balances on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (in thousands):

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
Deferred compensation plan asset components:		
Cash surrender value of corporate-owned life insurance policies	\$ 30,800	\$ 31,612
Fair value of mutual funds and money market funds	75,231	75,484
Total	\$ 106,031	\$ 107,096
Deferred compensation plan assets reported in:		
Other long-term assets	\$ 106,031	\$ 107,096
Deferred compensation plan liabilities reported in:		
Accrued compensation and related benefits	\$ 6,136	\$ 3,707
Other long-term liabilities	96,374	103,954
Total	\$ 102,510	\$ 107,661

11. OTHER INCOME, NET

The components of other income, net, were as follows for the periods presented (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Interest income	\$ 7,941	\$ 5,697
Amortization of discount on available-for-sale securities	-	768
Charitable commitments	(900)	-
Loss on deferred compensation plan investments	(1,588)	(1,350)
Other	577	16
Total	\$ 6,030	\$ 5,131

12. INCOME TAXES

The income tax expense for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, was \$54.0 million and \$38.8 million respectively, or an effective tax rate of 21.8% and 22.3% respectively. The reduction in rate was primarily due to a reduction in non-deductible stock-based compensation.

13. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Cash Dividend Program

The Company has a dividend program approved by its Board of Directors, pursuant to which the Company intends to pay quarterly cash dividends on its common stock. The Board of Directors declared the following cash dividends for the periods presented (in thousands, except per-share amounts):

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2026		2025	
Dividend declared per share	\$	2.00	\$	1.56
Total amount	\$	98,258	\$	74,688

As of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, accrued dividends totaled \$98.3 million and \$76.0 million, respectively.

The declaration of any future cash dividends is at the discretion of the Board of Directors and will depend on, among other things, the Company's financial condition, results of operations, capital requirements, business conditions, and other factors that the Board of Directors may deem relevant, as well as a determination that cash dividends are in the best interests of the Company's stockholders.

The Company anticipates that cash used for future dividend payments will come from its domestic cash, cash generated from ongoing U.S. operations, and cash repatriated from certain foreign subsidiaries. The Company also anticipates that earnings from other foreign subsidiaries will continue to be indefinitely reinvested.

Cash Dividend Equivalent Rights

The Company's RSUs contain rights to receive cash dividend equivalents, which entitle employees who hold RSUs to the same dividend value per share as holders of common stock. The dividend equivalents are accumulated and paid to the employees after the underlying RSUs vest. Dividend equivalents accumulated on the underlying RSUs are forfeited if the underlying RSUs do not vest. As of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, accrued dividend equivalents totaled \$8.0 million and \$9.4 million, respectively.

Stock Repurchase Program

In February 2025, the Board of Directors approved a stock repurchase program authorizing the Company to repurchase up to \$500.0 million of its common stock through February 2028. Shares are retired upon repurchase. The Company did not make any repurchases under this program during the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, respectively.

Stock repurchased under the program may be made through open market repurchases, privately negotiated transactions, or other structures, in accordance with applicable state and federal securities laws, at times and in amounts as management deems appropriate. The timing and the number of shares of any repurchased common stock will be determined by the Company's management based on its evaluation of market conditions, legal requirements, share price, and other factors. The repurchase program does not obligate the Company to purchase any particular number of shares, and may be suspended, modified, or discontinued at any time without prior notice.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, that have been made pursuant to and in reliance on the provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements include, among others, statements concerning:

- the above-average industry growth of product and market areas that we have targeted;
- our plans to increase revenue in a diversified way across regions and through the introduction of new products within our existing product families as well as in new product categories and families;
- our mission statement to reduce energy and material consumption to improve all aspects of quality of life and create a sustainable future;
- the effects of macroeconomic factors, global economic uncertainties, current and potential global conflicts and global tariffs, export controls and retaliatory measures on the semiconductor industry and our business;
- the effect of changes in laws or economic policies in China or the U.S.;
- the effect that liquidity of our investments has on our capital resources;
- the continuing application of our products in the storage and computing, enterprise data, automotive, industrial, communications and consumer end markets;
- estimates of our future liquidity requirements and the sufficiency of our cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments to operate our business;
- the cyclical nature of the semiconductor industry;
- our belief that we may incur significant legal expenses that vary with the level of activity in each of our current or future legal proceedings;
- expectations regarding protection of our proprietary technology;
- our business outlook for the remainder of 2026 and beyond;
- the factors that we believe will impact our business, operations and financial condition, as well as our ability to achieve revenue growth;
- the expected percentage of our total revenue from various end markets;
- our ability to identify, acquire and integrate companies, businesses and products, and achieve the anticipated benefits from such acquisitions and integrations;
- the expected impact of various U.S. and international tax laws and regulations on our income tax provision, financial position and cash flows;
- our plan to repatriate cash from our foreign subsidiaries;
- our ability to fulfill our customers' evolving needs, enter new market segments and obtain design wins;
- our ability to forecast demand accurately and align inventory levels accordingly;
- our ability to develop and leverage process technologies as key strategic components of our future growth;
- our expectation to capitalize on the length of product life cycles to reduce manufacturing intensity and related emissions;
- our ability to recruit and retain application and design engineering personnel;
- our expectation to continue devoting significant resources to research and development including related increased expenses;
- our ability to engage additional supply chain partners to support future growth and to leverage a diversified and resilient supply chain to reduce exposure to trade- and tariff-related risks;
- our intention and ability to execute our stock repurchase program and pay cash dividends and dividend equivalents;
- the factors that differentiate us from our competitors; and
- our ability to timely and adequately remediate our material weakness.

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These forward-looking statements generally are identified by the words “would,” “could,” “may,” “should,” “predict,” “potential,” “targets,” “continue,” “anticipate,” “expect,” “intend,” “plan,” “believe,” “seek,” “estimate,” “project,” “forecast,” “will,” and similar expressions. All forward-looking statements are based on our current outlook, expectations, estimates, projections, beliefs and plans or objectives about our business, our industry and the global economy, including our expectations regarding the potential impacts of macroeconomic factors, global economic uncertainties, including tariffs, export controls and retaliatory measures, and geopolitical tensions on the semiconductor industry and our business. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to significant risks and uncertainties. Actual events or results could differ materially and adversely from those expressed in any such forward-looking statements. Risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially include those set forth throughout this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K including, in particular, in the sections entitled “Risk Factors.” Except as required by law, we disclaim any duty, and undertake no obligation, to update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information relating to existing conditions, future events or otherwise or to release publicly the results of any future revisions we may make to forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such statements, which speak only as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and entail significant risks. Readers should carefully review future reports and documents that we file from time to time with the SEC, such as our Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and any Current Reports on Form 8-K.

Unless stated otherwise or the context otherwise requires, references to the terms “Monolithic Power Systems,” “MPS,” “Registrant,” the “Company,” “we,” “our,” and “us” as used herein are references to Monolithic Power Systems, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries.

Overview

We are a fabless global company that provides high-performance, semiconductor-based power electronics solutions. Our mission is to reduce energy and material consumption to improve all aspects of quality of life and create a sustainable future. Founded in 1997 by our CEO Michael Hsing, we have three core strengths: deep system-level knowledge, strong semiconductor design expertise, and innovative proprietary technologies in the areas of semiconductor processes, system integration, and packaging. These combined advantages enable us to deliver reliable, compact, and monolithic solutions that are highly energy-efficient, cost-effective, and environmentally responsible while providing a consistent return on investment to our stockholders.

We operate in the cyclical semiconductor industry. We are subject to industry downturns, but we have targeted product and market areas that we believe allow us to operate at above average industry performance levels over the long term.

We work with third parties to manufacture, assemble and test our ICs. This has enabled us to limit our capital expenditures and fixed costs, while focusing our engineering and design resources on our core strengths.

Following the introduction of a product, our sales cycle generally takes a number of quarters after we receive an initial customer order for a new product to ramp up. Typical supply chain lead times for orders are generally 16 to 26 weeks. These factors, combined with the fact that our customers can cancel or reschedule orders without incurring a significant penalty, make the forecasting of our orders, revenue and expenses difficult.

We derive most of our revenue from sales through distribution arrangements and direct sales to customers in Asia, where our products are incorporated into end-user products. Our revenue from sales to customers in Asia was 92% and 94% of our total revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, respectively. We believe our ability to achieve revenue growth will depend, in part, on our ability to develop new products, enter new markets, gain market share, manage litigation risk, diversify our customer base and continue to secure manufacturing capacity.

Macroeconomic Conditions and Regulations

The semiconductor industry is impacted by various macroeconomic challenges including fluctuations in consumer spending, fluctuations in demand for semiconductors, rising inflation, global tariffs and retaliatory measures and announcements regarding the same, increased interest rates, and fluctuations in currency rates. We remain cautious in light of continued challenging global macroeconomic conditions and will continue to monitor the potential impact on our operations. The extent and duration of the direct and indirect impact of macroeconomic events on our business, results of operations and overall financial position remain uncertain and depend on future developments.

We closely monitor changes to export control laws, tariffs, trade regulations and other trade requirements. For the three months ended March 31, 2026 and through the date we filed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, no restrictions or requirements have had a material impact on our revenue and operations. We believe that our diverse, agile and resilient supply chain is structured in a way to minimize the impact of tariffs; however, such restrictions or requirements can be enacted quickly and unexpectedly and could impact our business in the future. To the extent tariffs, trade regulations or retaliatory measures or announcements regarding the same that affect us are implemented, we will seek to take mitigating actions in the near- and medium-term, as necessary, but there can be no assurance we will be successful. We are committed to complying with all applicable trade laws, regulations and other requirements.

Critical Accounting Estimates

In preparing our condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP, we are required to make estimates, assumptions and judgments that affect the amounts reported in our financial statements and the accompanying disclosures.

Estimates and judgments used in the preparation of our financial statements are, by their nature, uncertain and unpredictable, and depend upon, among other things, many factors outside of our control. These factors include demand for our products, economic conditions and other current and future events, such as macroeconomic factors, global economic uncertainties, current and potential global conflicts and global tariffs, export controls and retaliatory measures and announcements regarding the same. Actual results could differ from these estimates and assumptions, and any such differences may be material to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

There have been no material changes during the three months ended March 31, 2026 to our critical accounting estimates from the information provided in the “Critical Accounting Estimates” section of Part II, Item 7, “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025.

Results of Operations

The table below sets forth the data on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations as a percentage of revenue for the periods presented:

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2026		2025	
	(In thousands, except percentages)			
Revenue	\$ 804,185	100.0%	\$ 637,554	100.0%
Cost of revenue	359,120	44.7	284,324	44.6
Gross profit	445,065	55.3	353,230	55.4
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	100,566	12.4	92,227	14.4
Selling, general and administrative	103,347	12.9	92,244	14.5
Total operating expenses	203,913	25.3	184,471	28.9
Operating income	241,152	30.0	168,759	26.5
Other income, net	6,030	0.7	5,131	0.8
Income before income taxes	247,182	30.7	173,890	27.3
Income tax expense	53,956	6.7	38,838	6.1
Net income	\$ 193,226	24.0%	\$ 135,052	21.2%

Revenue

The following table summarizes our revenue by end market for the periods presented:

End Market	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2026	% of Revenue	2025	% of Revenue
	(In thousands, except percentages)			
Enterprise Data	\$ 262,823	32.7%	\$ 132,924	20.8%
Storage and Computing	174,394	21.7	188,511	29.6
Automotive	152,346	18.9	144,904	22.7
Communications	111,457	13.9	71,671	11.3
Consumer	54,540	6.8	56,947	8.9
Industrial	48,625	6.0	42,597	6.7
Total	\$ 804,185	100.0%	\$ 637,554	100.0%

Revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2026 was \$804.2 million, an increase of \$166.6 million, or 26.1%, from \$637.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025. The increase in revenue was primarily due to higher shipment volume and higher average selling prices resulting primarily from product mix.

By end market, first quarter 2026 revenue for enterprise data increased \$129.9 million, or 97.7%, from the same period in 2025. This increase was primarily due to higher sales of power solutions for artificial intelligence (“AI”) and server applications. Revenue from the storage and computing market of \$174.4 million decreased \$14.1 million, or 7.5%, from the same period in 2025 primarily due to decreased sales of power solutions for notebooks and graphics cards, partially offset by increased sales of memory and storage applications. First quarter 2026 automotive revenue of \$152.3 million increased \$7.4 million, or 5.1%, from the same period in 2025. Communications revenue of \$111.5 million increased \$39.8 million, or 55.5%, from the same period in 2025 due to higher sales of power solutions for optical modules and switches. First quarter 2026 consumer revenue decreased \$2.4 million, or 4.2%, from the same period in 2025. Revenue of \$48.6 million from the industrial market increased \$6.0 million, or 14.2%, from the same period in 2025.

Cost of Revenue and Gross Margin

Cost of revenue primarily consists of costs incurred to manufacture, assemble and test our products, as well as warranty costs, inventory-related and other overhead costs, and stock-based compensation expenses.

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
	(In thousands, except percentages)	
Cost of revenue	\$ 359,120	\$ 284,324
As a percentage of revenue	44.7%	44.6%
Gross profit	\$ 445,065	\$ 353,230
Gross margin	55.3%	55.4%

Cost of revenue was \$359.1 million, or 44.7% of revenue, for the three months ended March 31, 2026, and \$284.3 million, or 44.6% of revenue, for the three months ended March 31, 2025. The \$74.8 million increase in cost of revenue was primarily driven by product mix and higher shipment volume.

Gross margin was 55.3% for the three months ended March 31, 2026, compared with 55.4% for the three months ended March 31, 2025. The decrease in gross margin was mainly driven by higher warranty expenses as a percentage of revenue, partially offset by lower manufacturing overhead costs as a percentage of revenue.

Research and Development

R&D expenses primarily consist of cash-based compensation and benefits, stock-based compensation and deferred compensation for design and product engineers, expenses related to new product development and supplies, and facilities costs.

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
	(In thousands, except percentages)	
R&D expenses	\$ 100,566	\$ 92,227
As a percentage of revenue	12.4%	14.4%

R&D expenses were \$100.6 million, or 12.4% of revenue, for the three months ended March 31, 2026, and \$92.2 million, or 14.4% of revenue, for the three months ended March 31, 2025. The \$8.4 million increase in R&D expenses was primarily due to a \$4.3 million increase in cash-based compensation and benefits, a \$1.3 million increase in laboratory and other supplies, and a \$1.3 million increase in facilities costs.

Selling, General and Administrative

SG&A expenses primarily include cash-based compensation and benefits, stock-based compensation and deferred compensation for sales, marketing and administrative personnel, travel expenses, facilities costs, third-party service fees and legal expenses.

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
	<i>(In thousands, except percentages)</i>	
SG&A expenses	\$ 103,347	\$ 92,244
As a percentage of revenue	12.9%	14.5%

SG&A expenses were \$103.3 million, or 12.9% of revenue, for the three months ended March 31, 2026, and \$92.2 million, or 14.5% of revenue, for the three months ended March 31, 2025. The \$11.1 million increase in SG&A expenses was primarily driven by a \$10.0 million increase in cash-based compensation and benefits, a \$5.1 million increase in stock-based compensation related payroll taxes, and a \$4.4 million increase in legal expenses, partially offset by an \$11.1 million decrease in stock-based compensation.

Other Income, Net

Other income, net, was \$6.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2026, compared with \$5.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025.

Income Tax Expense

The income tax expense for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, was \$54.0 million and \$38.8 million respectively, or an effective tax rate of 21.8% and 22.3% respectively. The reduction in rate was primarily due to a reduction in non-deductible stock-based compensation.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
	(In thousands, except percentages)	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,062,930	\$ 1,099,302
Short-term investments	304,179	157,243
Total cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments	\$ 1,367,109	\$ 1,256,545
Percentage of total assets	30.7%	30.0%
Total current assets	\$ 2,331,095	\$ 2,183,802
Total current liabilities	(486,958)	(369,365)
Working capital	\$ 1,844,137	\$ 1,814,437

As of March 31, 2026, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$1,062.9 million and short-term investments of \$304.2 million, compared with cash and cash equivalents of \$1,099.3 million and short-term investments of \$157.2 million as of December 31, 2025. As of March 31, 2026, \$683.0 million of cash and cash equivalents and \$304.2 million of short-term investments were held by our foreign subsidiaries. We may continue to repatriate cash from certain of our foreign subsidiaries to the U.S. to fund our expenditures in future periods. We anticipate that earnings from other foreign subsidiaries will continue to be indefinitely reinvested.

Summary of Cash Flows

The following table summarizes our cash flow activities for the periods presented:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
	(In thousands)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 250,253	\$ 256,387
Net cash used in investing activities	(212,322)	(257,485)
Net cash used in financing activities	(75,266)	(55,916)
Effect of change in exchange rates	961	2,555
Net decrease in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$ (36,374)	\$ (54,459)

For the three months ended March 31, 2026, the \$6.1 million decrease in net cash provided by operating activities compared to the same period in 2025 was primarily due to increased inventory purchases and other changes in working capital, partially offset by increased accounts receivable collections.

For the three months ended March 31, 2026, the \$45.2 million decrease in net cash used in investing activities compared to the same period in 2025 was primarily due to \$69.2 million higher net purchases of investments, partially offset by \$24.1 million higher purchases of property and equipment.

For the three months ended March 31, 2026, the \$19.4 million increase in net cash used in financing activities compared to the same period in 2025 was primarily due to an increase of \$18.4 million in dividend and dividend equivalent payments.

Cash Requirements

Although consequences of economic uncertainties and macroeconomic conditions, including tariffs and retaliatory measures and announcements regarding the same, and many other factors could adversely affect our liquidity and capital resources in the future, and cash requirements may fluctuate based on the timing and extent of many factors such as those discussed above, we believe that our balances of cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments of \$1,367.1 million as of March 31, 2026, along with cash generated by ongoing operations, will be sufficient to satisfy our liquidity requirements for the next 12 months.

Our material cash requirements include the following contractual and other obligations:

Purchase Obligations

Purchase obligations represent commitments to our suppliers and other parties requiring the purchases of goods or services. Our purchase obligations primarily consist of wafer and other inventory purchases, assembly and other manufacturing services, construction of manufacturing and R&D facilities, purchases of production and other equipment, and license arrangements.

As of March 31, 2026, total estimated future unconditional purchase commitments to all suppliers and other parties were \$588.7 million, of which \$557.5 million was due within a year.

Capital Return to Stockholders

In February 2025, our Board of Directors approved a new stock repurchase program authorizing us to repurchase up to \$500.0 million of our common stock through February 2028. Shares are retired upon repurchase. The Company did not make any repurchases under this program during the three months ended March 31, 2026. As of March 31, 2026, \$493.4 million remained available for future repurchases under the program.

We currently have a dividend program approved by our Board of Directors, pursuant to which we intend to pay quarterly cash dividends on our common stock. Based on our historical practice, stockholders of record as of the last business day of the quarter are entitled to receive the quarterly cash dividends when and if declared by the Board of Directors, which are payable to the stockholders in the following month. As of March 31, 2026, accrued dividends totaled \$98.3 million. The declaration of any future cash dividends is at the discretion of our Board of Directors and will depend on, among other things, our financial condition, results of operations, capital requirements, business conditions and other factors that our Board of Directors may deem relevant, as well as a determination that cash dividends are in the best interests of our stockholders.

Other Long-Term Obligations

Other long-term obligations primarily include deferred compensation plan liabilities and accrued dividend equivalents. As of March 31, 2026, these obligations totaled \$99.2 million.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

For a discussion of market risks, refer to Item 7A, “Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025. During the three months ended March 31, 2026, there were no material changes or developments that would have materially altered, or were reasonably likely to materially alter, the market risk assessment performed as of December 31, 2025.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Interim Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15(e) and Rule 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Based on this evaluation, and due to the finding of the material weakness described below, our Chief Executive Officer and Interim Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of March 31, 2026, our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective to provide reasonable assurance that information we are required to disclose in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC’s rules and forms.

As previously reported in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025, during the year-end financial reporting process for fiscal year 2025, the material weakness was identified in internal control over financial reporting related to the accounting for deferred income taxes. We engaged third-party tax service providers in connection with the original determination of the accounting for deferred income taxes associated with a one-time tax incentive granted by a certain foreign jurisdiction. Nevertheless, the internal controls in place with respect to the review of the calculation of deferred income taxes and the related income tax expense (benefit) were not designed appropriately or operating effectively as of March 31, 2026.

Notwithstanding the material weakness in internal control over financial reporting, management believes and has concluded that the condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q fairly present, in all material respects, our financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented in conformity with U.S. GAAP.

Ongoing Remediation of Previously Identified Material Weakness

With respect to the material weakness described above, management, under the oversight of the Audit Committee, has implemented measures designed to ensure that control deficiencies contributing to the material weakness are remediated, such that these controls are designed, implemented, and operating effectively. However, the material weakness will not be considered remediated until the applicable controls operate for a sufficient period of time and management has concluded, through testing, that these controls are operating effectively. Management expects to remediate the material weakness by the end of fiscal year 2026 and is monitoring the effectiveness of its remediation plan and will refine the plan as appropriate. However, there is no assurance as to when such remediation will be completed.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Except for the remediation measures related to the material weakness described above, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended March 31, 2026, that would have materially affected, or were reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls and Procedures

In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. In addition, the design of disclosure controls and procedures must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and that management is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the benefits of possible controls and procedures relative to their costs.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We are a party to actions and proceedings in the ordinary course of business, including challenges to the enforceability or validity of our intellectual property, claims that our products infringe on the intellectual property rights of others, and employment matters. We are also subject to litigation initiated by our stockholders. These proceedings often involve complex questions of fact and law and may require the expenditure of significant funds and the diversion of other resources to prosecute and defend. We defend ourselves vigorously against any such claims. Based on current information and management assessment, we do not believe that a material loss from known matters is probable as of March 31, 2026.

On February 4, 2025, a class action lawsuit was filed against us and certain of our executives. The lawsuit is captioned *Waterford Twp. Gen. Emps. Ret. Sys. v. Monolithic Power Systems, Inc., et al.*, No. 25-cv-220 (W.D. Wash.) (the “Securities Action”) and alleges that we violated Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder, by making material misstatements or omissions relating to our business. We believe the lawsuit is meritless and currently intend to defend against it vigorously. Related to the Securities Action, two shareholder derivative suits were also filed, against current – and one former – director, and certain executives, alleging breaches of their fiduciary duties. The shareholder derivative suits have been consolidated under the caption *Miller v. Hsing, et al.*, No. 25-cv-527 (W.D. Wash.), filed on March 26, 2025 (the “Derivative Litigation”). The Securities Action and Derivative Litigation seek unspecified amounts of damages and/or attorneys’ fees and other relief. The Derivative Litigation is stayed pending developments in the Securities Action.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Our business, reputation, results of operations, financial condition and stock price can be affected by a number of factors, whether currently known or unknown, including those described in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025 under the heading “Risk Factors.” When any one or more of these risks materialize from time to time, our business, reputation, results of operations, financial condition and stock price can be materially and adversely affected. There have been no material changes to our risk factors since the filing of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds**Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities**

In February 2025, our Board of Directors approved a stock repurchase program authorizing us to repurchase up to \$500.0 million of our common stock through February 2028. Shares are retired upon repurchase. We did not make any repurchases under this program during the three months ended March 31, 2026.

Stock repurchases under the program may be made through open market repurchases, privately negotiated transactions, or other structures, in accordance with applicable state and federal securities laws, at times and in amounts as management deems appropriate. The timing and the number of shares of any repurchased common stock will be determined by our management based on the evaluation of market conditions, legal requirements, stock price, and other factors. The repurchase program does not obligate us to purchase any particular number of shares and may be suspended, modified, or discontinued at any time without prior notice.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

Certain of our executive officers and directors have entered into trading plans pursuant to Rule 10b5-1(c) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. A trading plan is a written document that pre-establishes the amounts, prices and dates (or formula for determining the amounts, prices and dates) of future purchases or sales of our common stock, including the sale of shares acquired pursuant to the Monolithic Power Systems, Inc. 2004 Employee Stock Purchase Plan, amended and restated, and upon vesting of RSUs.

The following table summarizes the adoption of trading plans intended to satisfy the affirmative defense conditions of Rule 10b5-1(c) during the three months ended March 31, 2026:

Name and Title	Adoption Date	Plan Duration	Intended Sale Amount (in shares)
Deming Xiao, Executive Vice President, Global Operations	February 20, 2026	Through February 19, 2027	Up to 120,000

The following table summarizes the termination of trading plans intended to satisfy the affirmative defense conditions of Rule 10b5-1(c) during the three months ended March 31, 2026:

Name and Title	Termination Date	Original Plan Duration	Intended Sale Amount (in shares)	Sold Amount (in shares)
Deming Xiao, Executive Vice President, Global Operations	February 9, 2026	Through November 13, 2026	Up to 80,976	-

During the three months ended March 31, 2026, no trading plans intended to satisfy the affirmative defense conditions of Rule 10b5-1(c) were modified, and no other written trading arrangements that are not intended to qualify for the Rule 10b5-1(c) affirmative defense were adopted, modified, or terminated.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Description
10.1+	Transition Agreement with former Chief Financial Officer.
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of Interim Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Interim Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

+ Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

* This exhibit shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that Section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference in any filings under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, whether made before or after the date hereof and irrespective of any general incorporation language in any filings.

MONOLITHIC POWER SYSTEMS, INC

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

MONOLITHIC POWER SYSTEMS, INC.

Dated: May 4, 2026

By: /s/ Robert Dean
Robert Dean
Interim Chief Financial Officer
(Duly Authorized Officer and Principal
Financial and Accounting Officer)