



PRODUCT RELIABILITY REPORT

Product: MPQ2454-AEC1

**Reliability Department
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1. Device Information

| | |
|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Product: | MPQ2454-AEC1 |
| Package: | QFN3×3-10 and MSOP10-EP |
| Process Technology: | BCD |
| Report Date: | 03/20/2015 |

2. Summary of Test Results

| Test | # | Test Condition | Lot# or Date Code | Test Results (S.S./Rej) | Comment |
|--|----|---|--|--|---|
| Temperature, Bias, and Operating Life | B1 | JESD22-A108, @+125°C for 1000 hours or equivalent | EP284703 EP284701 EP369700 | 80/0 80/0 80/0 | |
| Early Life Failure Rate (ELFR) | B2 | AEC-Q100-008, @ +125°C for 48 hours, or equivalent | EP270602 C586837.9 C587059.7 | 800/0 800/0 800/0 | |
| ESD: Human Body Model (HBM) | E2 | AEC-Q100-002 | EP284701 | 3/0 | >2000V |
| ESD: Machine Model (MM) | E2 | AEC-Q100-003 | EP284701 | 3/0 | >200V |
| ESD: Device Charged Model (CDM) | E3 | AEC-Q100-011 | EP284701 | 3/0 | >750V |
| Latch-up | E4 | AEC-Q100-004 | EP284701 | 6/0 | >+/-100mA & >1.5Vccmax |
| Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity | A1 | J-STD-020 | 1326 1334 1419 1326 1341 1417 | 300/0 300/0 300/0 300/0 300/0 300/0 | QFN3×3-10,MSL=1 QFN3×3-10,MSL=1 QFN3×3-10,MSL=1 MSOP10EP,MSL=2 MSOP10EP,MSL=2 MSOP10EP,MSL=2 |
| Steady State Temperature Humidity Bias Life Test | A2 | JESD22-A101, @85°C/85%RH static bias at Vinmax for 1000 hours or equivalent | 1326 1334 1419 1326 1341 1417 | 80/0 80/0 80/0 80/0 80/0 80/0 | QFN3×3-10 QFN3×3-10 QFN3×3-10 MSOP10-EP MSOP10-EP MSOP10-EP |

| | | | | | |
|---|----|--|--|--|--|
| Accelerated Moisture Resistance- Unbiased Autoclave | A3 | JESD22-A102, @121°C/100%RH for 168 hours or equivalent | 1326 1334 1419 1326 1341 1417 | 80/0 80/0 80/0 80/0 80/0 80/0 | QFN3×3-10 QFN3×3-10 QFN3×3-10 MSOP10-EP MSOP10-EP MSOP10-EP |
| Temperature Cycling | A4 | JESD22-A104, from -65°C to 150°C for 1000 cycles or equivalent | 1326 1334 1419 1326 1341 1417 | 80/0 80/0 80/0 80/0 80/0 80/0 | QFN3×3-10 QFN3×3-10 QFN3×3-10 MSOP10-EP MSOP10-EP MSOP10-EP |
| High Temperature Storage Life | A6 | JESD22-A103, @150°C for 1000 hours | 1326 1334 1419 1326 1341 1417 | 50/0 50/0 50/0 50/0 50/0 50/0 | QFN3×3-10 QFN3×3-10 QFN3×3-10 MSOP10-EP MSOP10-EP MSOP10-EP |

3. Failure Rate Calculation

| | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| Sample Size: | 2570 |
| Rejects: | 0 |
| Activation Energy (eV): | 0.7 |
| Equivalent Device Hours: | 2.0×10^8 Hours |
| Failure Rate (FIT@60%CL): | 5.0 FIT |
| MTBF (years): | 22,831 Years |

Revision / Update History

| <u>Revision</u> | <u>Reason for Change</u> | <u>Date</u> | <u>Rel Engineer</u> |
|-----------------|--------------------------|-------------|---------------------|
| 1.0 | Initial release | March 2015 | Ramon Lei |

Appendix: Description of Reliability Test and Failure Rate Calculation

High Temperature Operating Life Test

Purpose: This test is a worst-case life test that checks the integrity of the product. The high temperature testing is use for acceleration of any potential failures over time. The calculation for failure rate (FIT) using the operating ambient temperature is done using the Arrhenius equation.

Condition: 125°C @ Vinmax

Pass Criteria: All units must pass the min/max limits of the datasheet.

ESD Test

Purpose: The purpose of the ESD test is to guarantee that the device can withstand electrostatic voltages during handling.

Condition: Human Body Model, Machine Model and Charged Device Model

Pass Criteria: ESD Testing on every pin. The device must be fully functional after testing and pass the min/max limits in the datasheet.

IC Latch-Up Test

Purpose: The purpose of this specification is to establish a method for determining IC latch-up characteristics and to define latch-up failure criteria. Latch-up characteristics are extremely important in determining product reliability and minimizing No Trouble Found (NTF) and Electrical Overstress (EOS) failures due to latch-up.

Condition: Voltage and current injection

Pass criteria: All pins with the exception of “no connect” pins and timing related pins, shall be latch-up tested. The device must be fully functional after testing and pass the min/max limits in the datasheet.

Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for Nonhermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices

Purpose: The purpose of this standard is to identify the classification level of nonhermetic solid state surface mount devices (SMDs) that are sensitive to moisture-induced stress so that they can be properly packaged, stored, and handled to avoid damage during assembly solder reflow attachment and/or repair operations.

Condition: Bake + moisture sock + 3X reflow at 260°C

Pass criteria: All units must pass the min/max limits of the datasheet

Accelerated Moisture Resistance- Unbiased Autoclave

Purpose: To check the performance of the device in humid environments. This test checks the integrity of the passivation, poor metal to plastic seal and contamination level during assembly and material compatibility.

Condition: 121°C/15psig/100% RH (no bias)

Pass Criteria: All units must pass min/max limits of the datasheet

Temperature Cycle Test

Purpose: This test is used to evaluate the die attach integrity and bond integrity. This is similar to the Thermal Shock test, but can generate different failure modes due to the longer dwell time and gradual temperature change.

Condition: -65°C to 150°C

Pass Criteria: All units must pass min/max limits of the datasheet

Steady State Temperature Humidity Bias Life Test

Purpose: This is to check the performance of the device in humid environments. This test checks the integrity of the passivation, poor metal to plastic seal and contamination level during assembly and material compatibility.

Condition: 85%RH at 85°C with Vin=Vinmax

Pass Criteria: All units must pass min/max limits of the datasheet

Highly Accelerated Temperature and Humidity Stress Test

- Purpose:** This is an equivalent test to Steady State Temperature Humidity Bias Life test with different (higher) temperature stress condition.
- Condition:** 85%RH at 130°C with Vin=Vinmax
- Pass Criteria:** All units must pass min/max limits of the datasheet

Failure Rate Calculation

The failure rate is gauged by a Failures-In-Time (FIT) based upon accelerated stress data. The unit for FIT is failure per billion device hour.

$$FIT\ Rate = \frac{(\chi^2/2) \times 10^9}{EDH}$$

Where

- χ² (Chi-Squared) is the goodness-of-fit test statistic at a specified level of confidence;
- EDH= Equivalent Device Hours = AF × (Life test sample size) × (test duration);
- AF= Acceleration Factor.

High Temperature Operating Life (HTOL) test is usually done under acceleration of temperature and voltage. The total number of failures from the stress test determines the chi-squared factor.

$$AF = AF_T \times AF_V$$

The Temperature Acceleration Factor AF_T:

$$AF_T = \exp\left(\frac{E_a}{K} \left(\frac{1}{T_{J(USE)}} - \frac{1}{T_{J(STRESS)}} \right)\right)$$

- T_{JUSE} = Junction temp under typical operating conditions;
- T_{JSTRESS} = Junction temp under accelerated test conditions;
- E_a is Activation energy=0.7eV;
- K=Boltzmann’s constant=8.62×10⁻⁵ eV/K.

The voltage Acceleration Factor AF_V:

$$AF_V = e^{\beta \times [V_{STRESS} - V_{USE}]}$$

- V_{USE} = Gate voltage under typical operating conditions;
- V_{STRESS} = Gate voltage under accelerated test conditions;
- β = Voltage acceleration factor (in 1/Volts) and specified by technology.
- Note: For calculation in the report, AF_V = 1 for simplicity.

MTBF (Mean Time Between Failure) equals to 10⁹/FIT (in hours).