

PRODUCT RELIABILITY REPORT

Product: MP3394

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1. Device Information

Product:	MP3394
Package:	SOIC16, SOIC20 and TSSOP16-EP
Process Technology:	BCD
Report Date:	10/24/2016

2. Summary of Test Results

Test	Test Condition	Lot# or	Test Results (S.S./Rej)	Comment
T , D'	IEGDOO A 100	Date Code		
Temperature, Bias,	JESD22-A108,	FA092080B	80/0	
and Operating Life	@+125°C for 1000	FA092080C	80/0	
	hours or equivalent	FA132901	80/0	
ESD: Human Body Model (HBM)	ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001	FA092080	3/0	>2000V
ESD: Device Charged Model (CDM)	ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-002	FC4N985.8A	3/0	>750V
Latch-up	EIA/JESD78	FA092080	6/0	>+/-100mA &
		1110,2000	3, 3	>1.5Vccmax
Moisture/Reflow	J-STD-020	1042	300/0	SOIC16,MSL=2
Sensitivity		1048	300/0	SOIC16,MSL=2
Ĭ		1101	300/0	SOIC16,MSL=2
		1207	300/0	SOIC20,MSL=3
		1212	300/0	SOIC20,MSL=3
		1220	300/0	SOIC20,MSL=3
		1236	300/0	TSSOP16-EP,MSL=2A
		1245	300/0	TSSOP16-EP,MSL=2A
		1252	300/0	TSSOP16-EP,MSL=2A
High Temperature	JESD22-A103,	1042	50/0	SOIC16
Storage Life	@150°C for 1000	1048	50/0	SOIC16
	hours	1101	50/0	SOIC16
		1207	50/0	SOIC20
		1212	50/0	SOIC20
		1220	50/0	SOIC20
		1236	50/0	TSSOP16-EP
		1245	50/0	TSSOP16-EP
		1252	50/0	TSSOP16-EP



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Temperature Cycling	JESD22-A104, from	1042	80/0	SOIC16
	-65°C to 150°C for	1048	80/0	SOIC16
	1000 cycles or	1101	80/0	SOIC16
	equivalent	1207	80/0	SOIC20
		1212	80/0	SOIC20
		1220	80/0	SOIC20
		1236	80/0	TSSOP16-EP
		1245	80/0	TSSOP16-EP
		1252	80/0	TSSOP16-EP
Accelerated Moisture	JESD22-A102,	1042	80/0	SOIC16
Resistance- Unbiased	@121°C/100%RH	1048	80/0	SOIC16
Autoclave	for 168 hours or	1101	80/0	SOIC16
	equivalent	1207	80/0	SOIC20
		1212	80/0	SOIC20
		1220	80/0	SOIC20
		1236	80/0	TSSOP16-EP
		1245	80/0	TSSOP16-EP
		1252	80/0	TSSOP16-EP
Steady State	JESD22-A101,	1202	80/0	SOIC16
Temperature	@85°C/85%RH	1207	80/0	SOIC16
Humidity Bias Life	static bias at Vinmax	1214	80/0	SOIC16
Test	for 1000 hours or	1207	80/0	SOIC20
	equivalent	1212	80/0	SOIC20
		1220	80/0	SOIC20
		1236	80/0	TSSOP16-EP
		1245	80/0	TSSOP16-EP
		1252	80/0	TSSOP16-EP



3. Failure Rate Calculation

Sample Size: 6420 Rejects: 0 Activation Energy (eV): 0.7

Equivalent Device Hours: 5.01×10^8 Hours

Failure Rate (FIT@60%CL): 1.8 FIT MTBF (years): 62,475 Years

Revision / Update History

Revision Reason for Change		Date	Rel Engineer
1.0	Initial release	January 2011	J. Huljev
2.0	Update	June 2012	Ramon Lei
3.0	Update	December 2012	Ramon Lei
4.0	Update	February 2014	Ramon Lei
5.0	Update	October 2016	Ramon Lei



Appendix: Description of Reliability Test and Failure Rate Calculation

High Temperature Operating Life Test

Purpose: This test is a worst-case life test that checks the integrity of the product. The high temperature

testing is use for acceleration of any potential failures over time. The calculation for failure rate

(FIT) using the operating ambient temperature is done using the Arrhenius equation.

Condition: 125°C @ Vinmax

Pass Criteria: All units must pass the min/max limits of the datasheet.

ESD Test

Purpose: The purpose of the ESD test is to guarantee that the device can withstand electrostatic voltages

during handling.

Condition: Human Body Model and Charged Device Model

Pass Criteria: ESD Testing on every pin. The device must be fully functional after testing and pass the min/max

limits in the datasheet.

IC Latch-Up Test

Purpose: The purpose of this specification is to establish a method for determining IC latch-up

characteristics and to define latch-up failure criteria. Latch-up characteristics are extremely important in determining product reliability and minimizing No Trouble Found (NTF) and

Electrical Overstress (EOS) failures due to latch-up.

Condition: Voltage and current injection

Pass criteria: All pins with the exception of "no connect" pins and timing related pins, shall be latch-up tested.

The device must be fully functional after testing and pass the min/max limits in the datasheet.

Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for Nonhermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices

Purpose: The purpose of this standard is to identify the classification level of nonhermetic solid state surface

mount devices (SMDs) that are sensitive to moisture-induced stress so that they can be properly packaged, stored, and handled to avoid damage during assembly solder reflow attachment and/or

repair operations.

Condition: Bake + moisture sock + 3X reflow at $260^{\circ}C$

Pass criteria: All units must pass the min/max limits of the datasheet

High Temperature Storage Life

Purpose: The test is typically used to determine the effects of time and temperature, under storage conditions,

for thermally activated failure mechanisms and time-to-failure distributions of solid state electronic

devices, including nonvolatile memory devices (data retention failure mechanisms).

Condition: Bake at 150°C

Pass Criteria: All units must pass min/max limits of the datasheet

Accelerated Moisture Resistance- Unbiased Autoclave

Purpose: To check the performance of the device in humid environments. This test checks the integrity of the

passivation, poor metal to plastic seal and contamination level during assembly and material

compatibility.

Condition: 121°C/15psig/100% RH (no bias)

Pass Criteria: All units must pass min/max limits of the datasheet

Temperature Cycle Test

Purpose: This test is used to evaluate the die attach integrity and bond integrity. This is similar to the

Thermal Shock test, but can generate different failure modes due to the longer dwell time and

gradual temperature change.

Condition: -65°C to 150°C

Pass Criteria: All units must pass min/max limits of the datasheet



Steady State Temperature Humidity Bias Life Test

Purpose: This is to check the performance of the device in humid environments. This test checks the

integrity of the passivation, poor metal to plastic seal and contamination level during assembly and

material compatibility.

Condition: 85%RH at 85°C with Vin=Vinmax

Pass Criteria: All units must pass min/max limits of the datasheet

Highly Accelerated Temperature and Humidity Stress Test

Purpose: This is an equivalent test to Steady State Temperature Humidity Bias Life test with different

(higher) temperature stress condition.

Condition: 85%RH at 130°C with Vin=Vinmax

Pass Criteria: All units must pass min/max limits of the datasheet

Failure Rate Calculation

The failure rate is gauged by a Failures-In-Time (FIT) based upon accelerated stress data. The unit for FIT is failure per billion device hour.

$$FIT \ Rate = \frac{(\chi^2/2) \times 10^9}{EDH}$$

Where

χ2 (Chi-Squared) is the goodness-of-fit test statistic at a specified level of confidence;

EDH= Equivalent Device Hours = $AF \times (Life \text{ test sample size}) \times (test \text{ duration});$

AF= Acceleration Factor.

High Temperature Operating Life (HTOL) test is usually done under acceleration of temperature and voltage. The total number of failures from the stress test determines the chi-squared factor.

$$AF = AF_T \times AF_V$$

The Temperature Acceleration Factor AF_T:

$$AF_T = \exp\left(\frac{E_a}{K} \left(\frac{1}{T_{J(use)}} - \frac{1}{T_{J(stress)}}\right)\right)$$

 T_{Juse} = Junction temp under typical operating conditions;

T_{Istress} =Junction temp under accelerated test conditions;

Ea is Activation energy=0.7eV;

K=Boltzmann's constant=8.62×10⁻⁵ eV/K.

The voltage Acceleration Factor AF_V:

$$AF_{V} = e^{\beta \times [V_{Stress} - V_{use}]}$$

V_{use} = Gate voltage under typical operating conditions;

V_{stress} = Gate voltage under accelerated test conditions;

 β = Voltage acceleration factor (in 1/Volts) and specified by technology.

Note: For calculation in the report, $AF_V = 1$ for simplicity.

MTBF (Mean Time Between Failure) equals to 10⁹/FIT (in hours).