



EVQ7200A-L-00B

42V, 1.2A, 410kHz, Synchronous LED Driver Buck-Boost Mode Evaluation Board, AEC-Q100 Qualified

DESCRIPTION

The EVQ7200A-L-00B is an evaluation board designed to demonstrate the capabilities of the MPQ7200A, a constant-current LED driver with integrated power MOSFETs. It offers a very compact solution to achieve 1.2A of continuous output current (I_{OUT}), with excellent load and line regulation across a wide input supply range.

Constant frequency hysteretic control mode provides extremely fast transient response without loop compensation. The switching

frequency (f_{SW}) is 410kHz in buck-boost mode for optimized efficiency and thermal performance.

The MPQ7200A is available in a QFN-19 (3mmx4mm) package with wettable flanks, and is available in AEC-Q100 Grade 1.

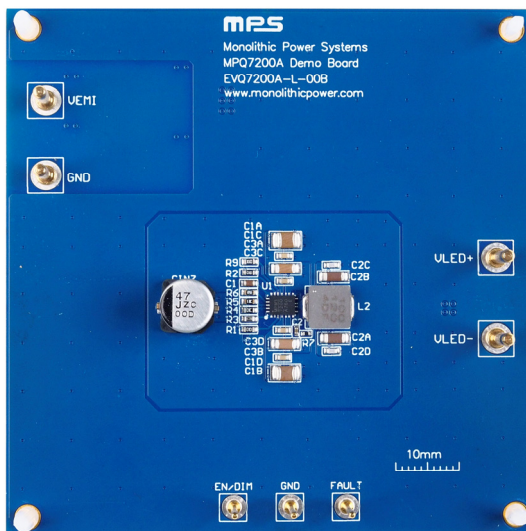
The EVQ7200A-L-00B is a fully assembled and tested buck-boost mode LED driver evaluation board. It generates an LED current up to 1.2A from a 6V to 20V input range.

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

Specifications are at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.

Parameters	Conditions	Value
Input voltage (V_{IN}) range		6V to 20V
Maximum output current (I_{OUT})	$V_{IN} = 6\text{V to } 20\text{V}$	1.2A
Typical efficiency	$V_{IN} = 13.5\text{V}$, 4 LEDs, $I_{OUT} = 1.2\text{A}$	89.95%
Peak efficiency	$V_{IN} = 13.5\text{V}$, 4 LEDs, $I_{OUT} = 0.75\text{A}$	91.06%
Switching frequency (f_{SW})		410kHz

EVALUATION BOARD



LxWxH (8.3cmx8.3cmx1.3cm)

Board Number	MPS IC Number
EVQ7200A-L-00B	MPQ7200AGLE-AEC1

QUICK START GUIDE

1. Preset the power supply between 6V and 20V, then turn off the power supply (see Figure 1). Note that the input voltage (V_{EMI}) plus output voltage (V_{OUT}) should be below 40V.

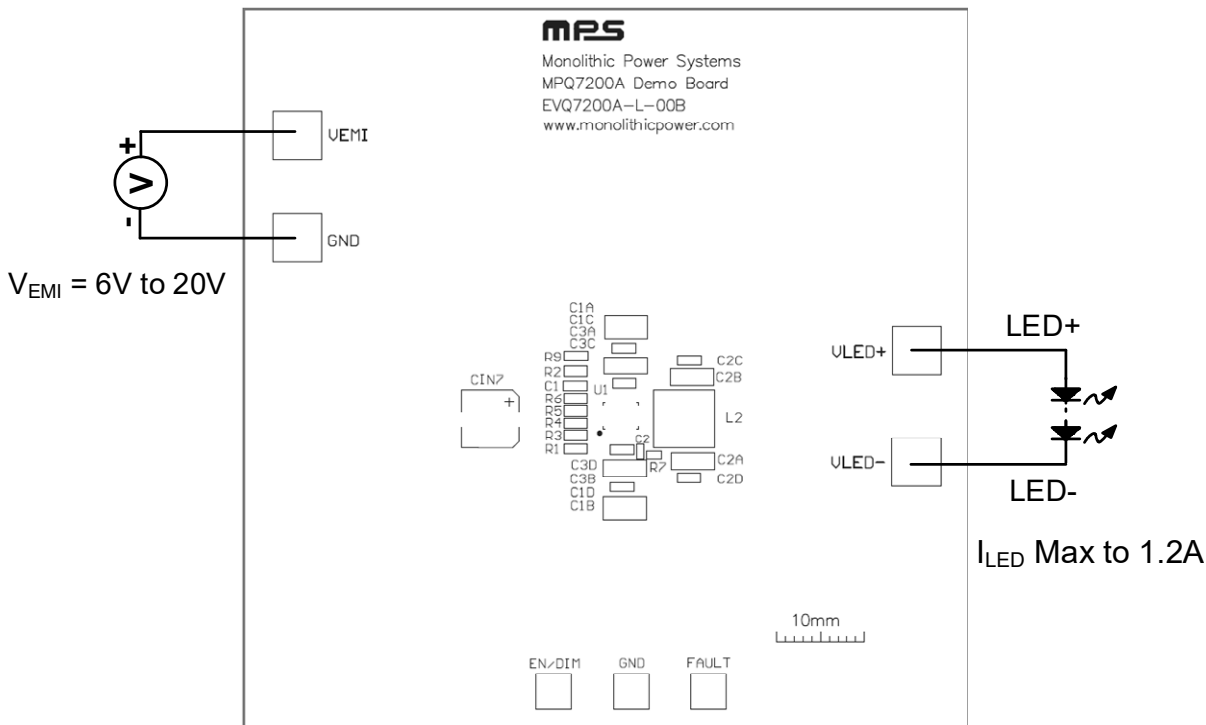


Figure 1: Measurement Equipment Set-Up

2. If longer cables (>0.5m total) are being used between the source and the evaluation board, install a damping capacitor at the input terminals. This is especially critical when V_{EMI} exceeds 24V.
3. Connect the power supply terminals to:
 - a. Positive (+): VEMI
 - b. Negative (-): GND
4. Connect the load terminals to:
 - a. Positive (+): VLED+
 - b. Negative (-): VLED-
5. After making the connections, turn on the power supply.
6. To use the enable (EN) function, apply a digital input to the EN/DIM pin. Drive EN above 2.5V to turn the regulator on; drive EN below 1V to turn it off.
7. When two-step dimming is inactive ($R_{DUTY} = 4.87k\Omega$), an external 100Hz to 2kHz pulse-width modulation (PWM) waveform can be applied to the EN/DIM pin.
8. To initiate two-step dimming, use the EN/DIM pin. Table 1 on page 3 shows the proposed resistor (R3) in E96 series for different dimming duty cycles. When EN/DIM is high, the dimming duty cycle is 100%; when EN/DIM is low, the dimming duty cycle percentage varies.

QUICK START GUIDE *(continued)*

Table 1: Two-Step Dimming Duty vs. R3

Two-Step Dimming Duty	R3 (Ω)
15%	61900
14%	41200
13%	27400
12%	18200
11%	12100
10%	7870
Two-step dimming off	4870
9%	3090
8%	2050
7%	1370
6%	887
5%	576

9. The external resistor (R5) connected to the ISET pin sets the LED current (I_{LED}). R5 can be calculated using Equation (1):

$$R5 = \frac{16}{I_{LED} (A)} (k\Omega) \quad (1)$$

To get better I_{LED} precision, Table 2 shows the recommended LED setting resistor values in buck-boost mode when I_{LED} is below 0.7A (see Figure 2).

Table 2: Resistor Selection when $I_{LED} \leq 700mA$ in Buck-Boost Mode

$I_{LED} (A)$	R5 (kΩ)
0.7	22.6
0.65	24.4
0.6	26.3
0.55	28.6
0.5	31.5
0.45	34.9
0.4	39.1

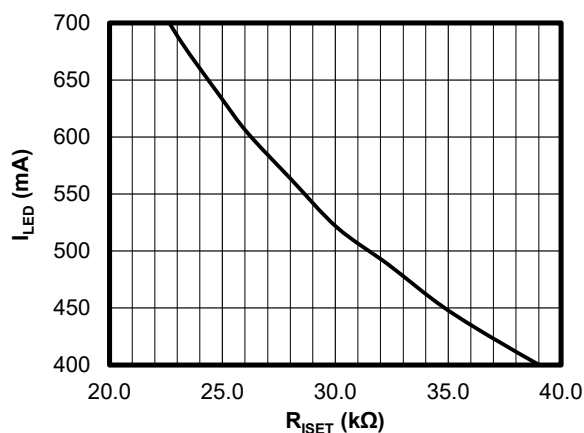


Figure 2: I_{LED} vs. R_{ISET} when $I_{LED} \leq 700mA$ in Buck-Boost Mode

EVALUATION BOARD SCHEMATIC

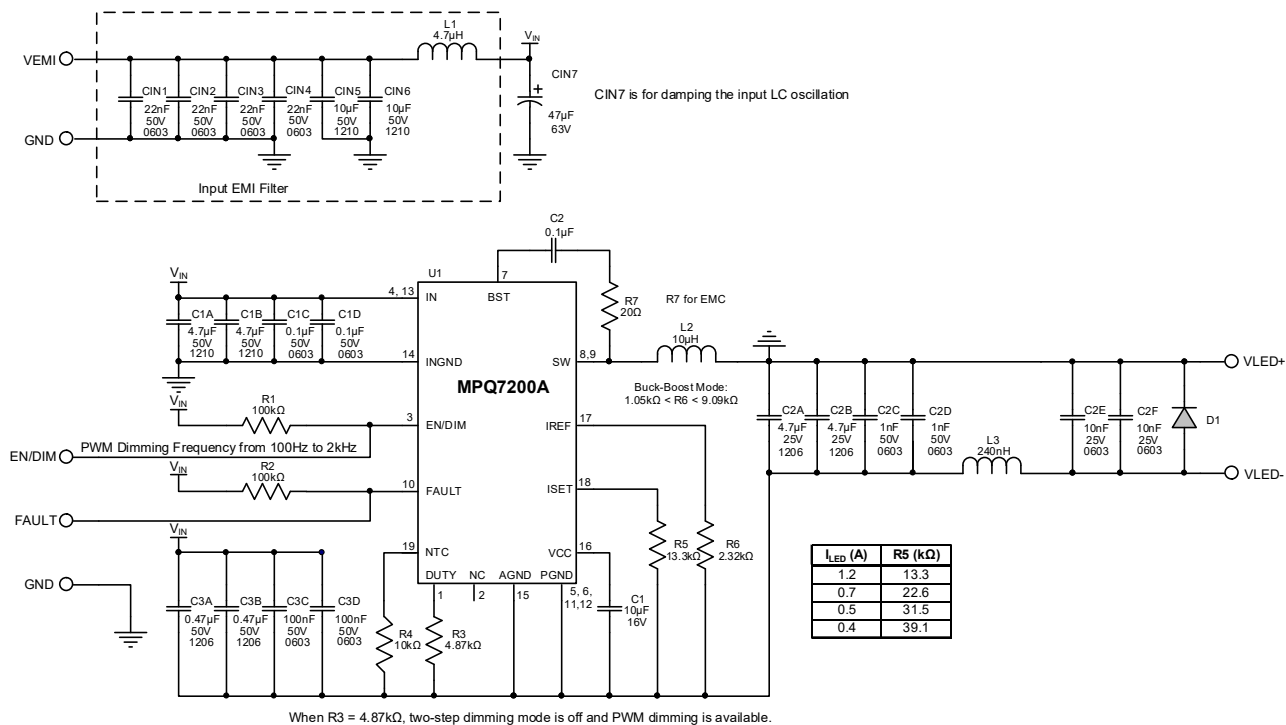


Figure 3: Evaluation Board Schematic

EVQ7200A-L-00B BILL OF MATERIALS

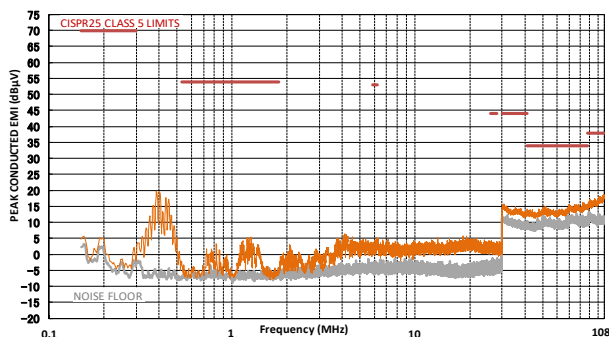
Qty	Ref	Value	Description	Package	Manufacturer	Manufacturer PN
1	L1	4.7μH	Inductor, 44.1mΩ DCR, 4.6A	SMD	Coilcraft	XAL4030-472MEB
1	L2	10μH	Inductor, 61mΩ DCR, 4A	SMD	Cyntec	VCMT063T-100MN5
1	L3	240nH	Inductor, 27mΩ DCR, 3.8A	SMD	Cyntec	VCUW20161B-R24MS5-89
4	CIN1, CIN2, CIN3, CIN4	22nF	Ceramic capacitor, 50V, X7R	0603	TDK	C1608X7R1H223K
2	CIN5, CIN6	10μF	Ceramic capacitor, 50V, X7R	1210	Murata	GRM32ER71H106KA8
1	CIN7	47μF	Electrolytic capacitor, 63V	SMD	Panasonic	EEH2C1J470P
2	C1A, C1B	4.7μF	Ceramic capacitor, 50V, X7R	1210	Murata	GRM32ER71H475KA8
4	C1C, C1D, C3C, C3D	0.1μF	Ceramic capacitor, 50V, X7R	0603	Murata	GRM188R71H104KA93D
2	C2A, C2B	4.7μF	Ceramic capacitor, 25V, X7R	1206	TDK	C3216X7R1E475M
2	C3A, C3B	0.47μF	Ceramic capacitor, 50V, X7R	1206	TDK	C3216X7R1H474K
2	C2C, C2D	1nF	Ceramic capacitor, 50V, C0G	0603	Murata	GRM1885C1H02JAC
2	C2E, C2F	10nF	Ceramic capacitor, 25V, X7R	0603	Würth	885012206065
1	C1	10μF	Ceramic capacitor, 10V, X7R	0603	Murata	GRM188Z71A106KA73D
1	C2	0.1μF	Ceramic capacitor, 16V, X7R	0603	Murata	GRM188R71C104KA01D
2	R1, R2	100kΩ	Film resistor, 5%	0603	Yageo	RC0603JR-07100KL
1	R9	10Ω	Film resistor, 1%	0604	Yageo	RC0603FR-0710RL
1	R4	10kΩ	Film resistor, 1%	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-0710KL
1	R7	20Ω	Film resistor, 1%	0402	Yageo	RC0402FR-0720RL
1	R5	13.3kΩ	Film resistor, 1%	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-0713K3L
1	R6	2.32kΩ	Film resistor, 1%	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-072K32L
1	R3	4.87kΩ	Film resistor, 1%	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-074K87L
1	D1	40V	Schottky diode, 1A	SMA	Diodes, Inc.	B140
4	VEMI, GND, VLED+, VLED-	2mm	Golden pin	DIP	Custom	
4	EN, GND, DIM, FAULT	1mm	Golden pin	DIP	Custom	
1	U1	MPQ7200A	Buck-boost regulator, AEC-Q100	QFN-19 (3mmx4mm)	MPS	MPQ7200AGLE-AEC1

EVB TEST RESULTS

Performance curves and waveforms are tested on the evaluation board, $V_{IN} = 13.5V$, 4 LEDs in series ($V_{LED} = 12V$), $f_{SW} = 410kHz$, $L = 10\mu H$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.

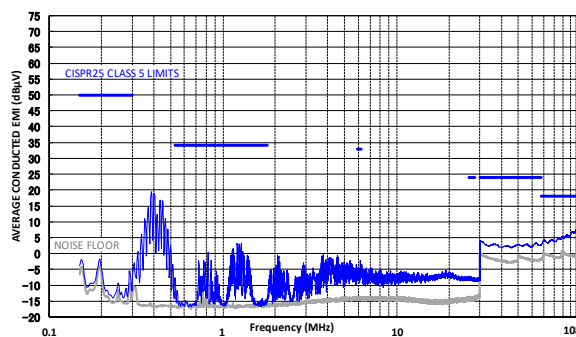
CISPR25 Class 5 Peak Conducted Emissions

150kHz to 108MHz



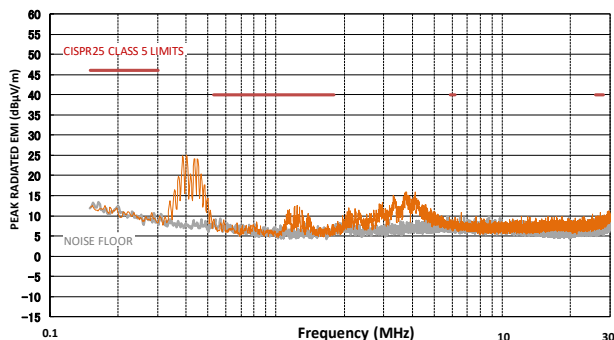
CISPR25 Class 5 Average Conducted Emissions

150kHz to 108MHz



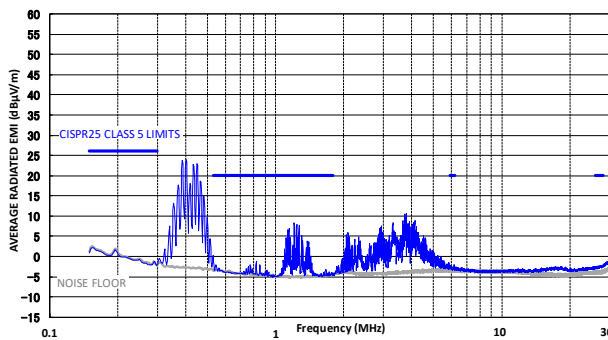
CISPR25 Class 5 Peak Radiated Emissions

150kHz to 30MHz



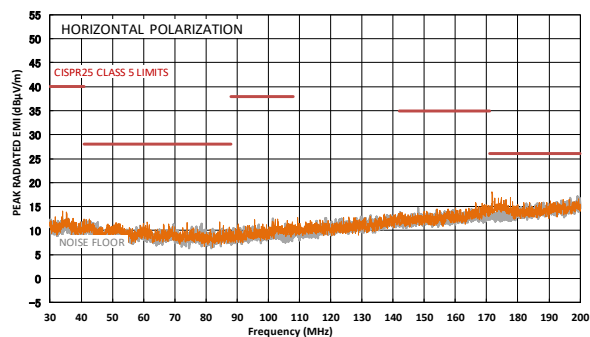
CISPR25 Class 5 Average Radiated Emissions

150kHz to 30MHz



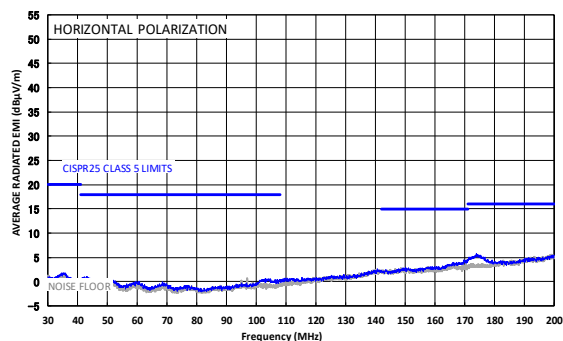
CISPR25 Class 5 Peak Radiated Emissions

Horizontal, 30MHz to 200MHz



CISPR25 Class 5 Average Radiated Emissions

Horizontal, 30MHz to 200MHz

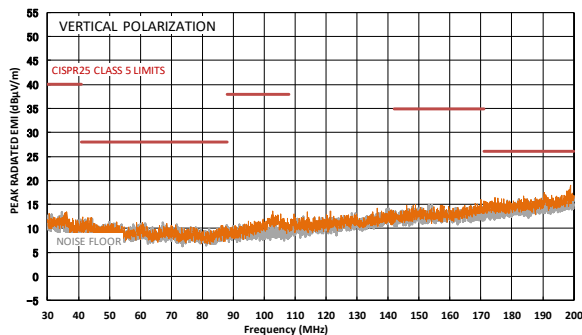


EVB TEST RESULTS (continued)

Performance curves and waveforms are tested on the evaluation board, $V_{IN} = 13.5V$, 4 LEDs in series ($V_{LED} = 12V$), $f_{SW} = 410kHz$, $L = 10\mu H$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.

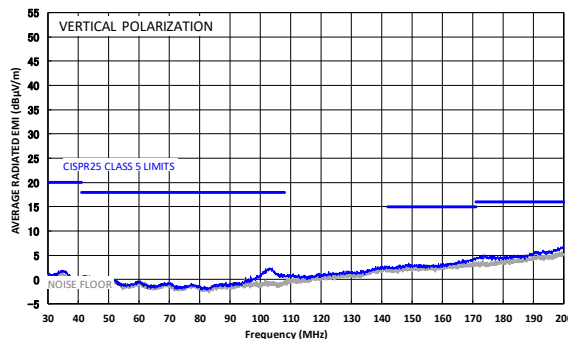
CISPR25 Class 5 Peak Radiated Emissions

Vertical, 30MHz to 200MHz



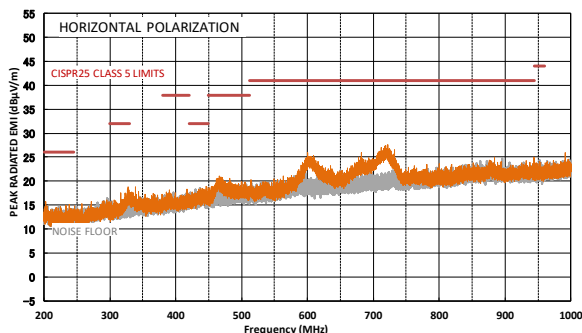
CISPR25 Class 5 Average Radiated Emissions

Vertical, 30MHz to 200MHz



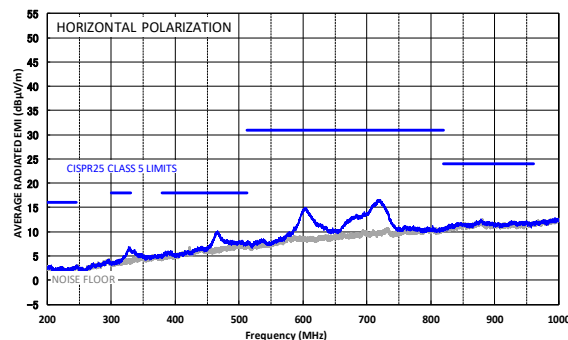
CISPR25 Class 5 Peak Radiated Emissions

Horizontal, 200MHz to 1GHz



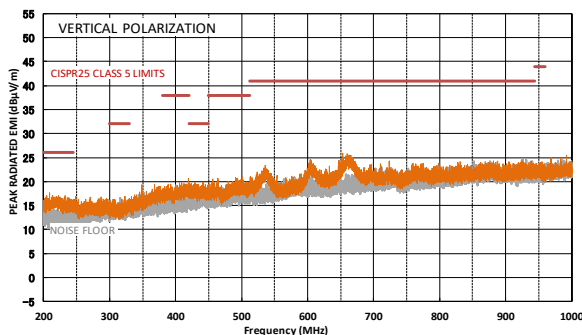
CISPR25 Class 5 Average Radiated Emissions

Horizontal, 200MHz to 1GHz



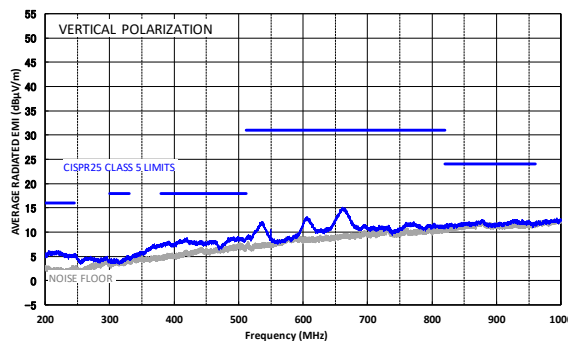
CISPR25 Class 5 Peak Radiated Emissions

Vertical, 200MHz to 1GHz



CISPR25 Class 5 Average Radiated Emissions

Vertical, 200MHz to 1GHz

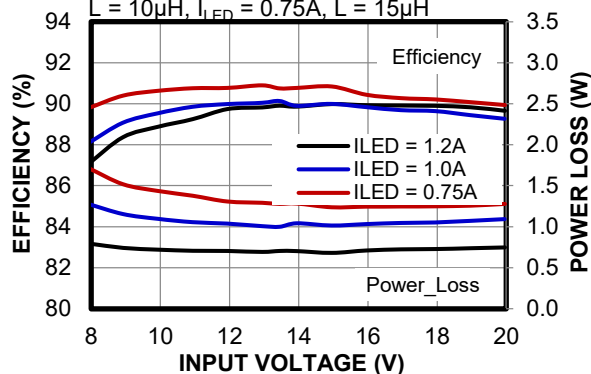


EVB TEST RESULTS (continued)

Performance curves and waveforms are tested on the evaluation board, $V_{IN} = 13.5V$, 4 LEDs in series ($V_{LED} = 12V$), $f_{SW} = 410kHz$, $L = 10\mu H$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted. ⁽¹⁾

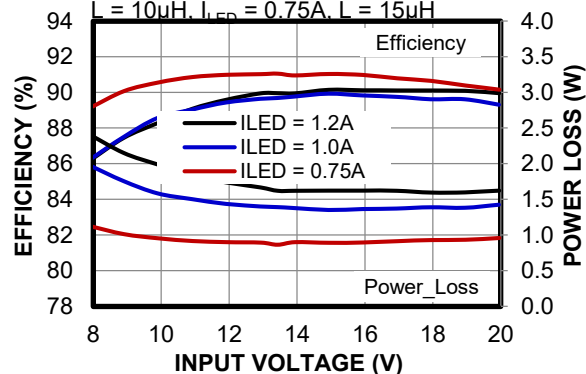
Efficiency vs. Input Voltage vs. Power Loss

3 LEDs ($V_{LED} = 9V$), $I_{LED} = 1.2A/1A$,
 $L = 10\mu H$, $I_{LED} = 0.75A$, $L = 15\mu H$



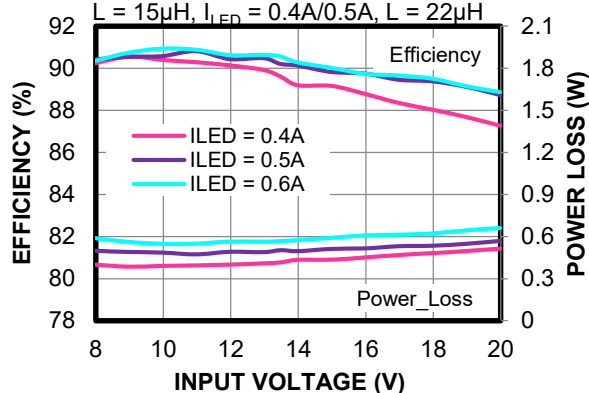
Efficiency vs. Input Voltage vs. Power Loss

4 LEDs ($V_{LED} = 12V$), $I_{LED} = 1.2A/1A$,
 $L = 10\mu H$, $I_{LED} = 0.75A$, $L = 15\mu H$



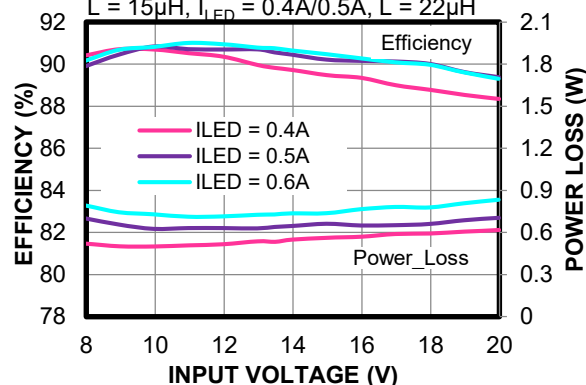
Efficiency vs. Input Voltage vs. Power Loss

3 LEDs ($V_{LED} = 9V$), $I_{LED} = 0.6A$,
 $L = 15\mu H$, $I_{LED} = 0.4A/0.5A$, $L = 22\mu H$



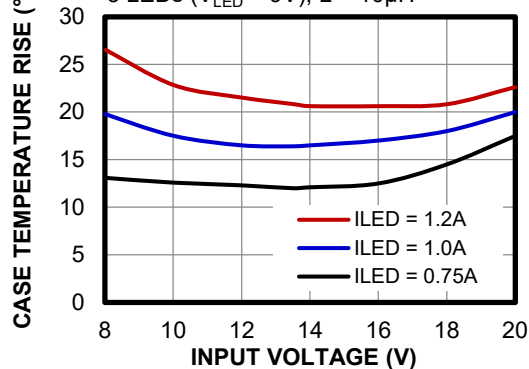
Efficiency vs. Input Voltage vs. Power Loss

4 LEDs ($V_{LED} = 12V$), $I_{LED} = 0.6A$,
 $L = 15\mu H$, $I_{LED} = 0.4A/0.5A$, $L = 22\mu H$



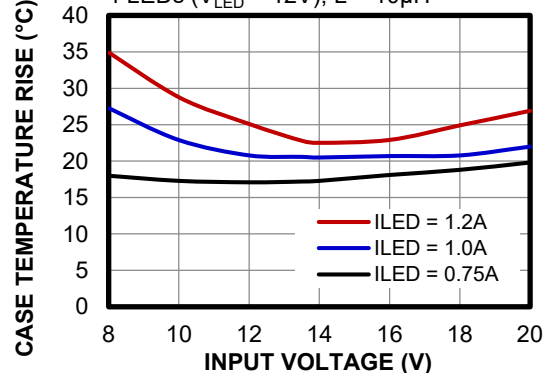
Case Temperature Rise vs. Input Voltage

3 LEDs ($V_{LED} = 9V$), $L = 10\mu H$



Case Temperature Rise vs. Input Voltage

4 LEDs ($V_{LED} = 12V$), $L = 10\mu H$



Note:

1) The inductor details about the efficiency curves follow: $L = 15\mu H$ (XAL5050-153MEB), $L = 22\mu H$ (XAL5050-223MEB).

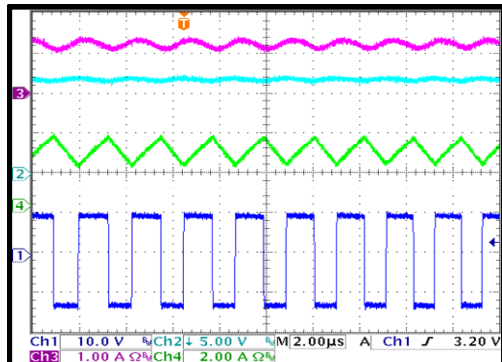
EVB TEST RESULTS (continued)

Performance curves and waveforms are tested on the evaluation board, $V_{IN} = 13.5V$, 4 LEDs in series ($V_{LED} = 12V$), $f_{sw} = 410kHz$, $L = 10\mu H$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.

Steady State

 $I_{LED} = 1.2A$

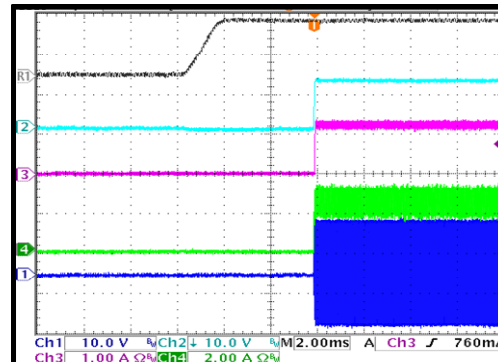
CH3: I_{LED}
CH2: $V_{LED+} - V_{LED-}$
CH4: I_L
CH1: V_{sw}



Start-Up through VIN

 $I_{LED} = 1.2A$

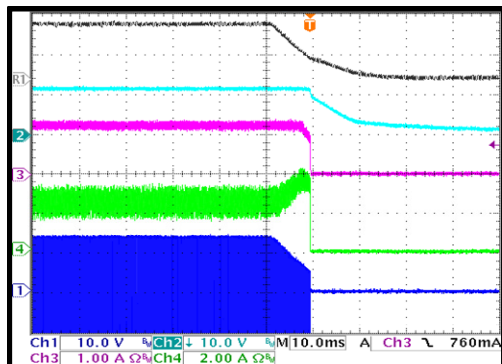
R1: V_{IN}
10V/div.
CH2: $V_{LED+} - V_{LED-}$
CH3: I_{LED}
CH4: I_L
CH1: V_{sw}



Shutdown through VIN

 $I_{LED} = 1.2A$

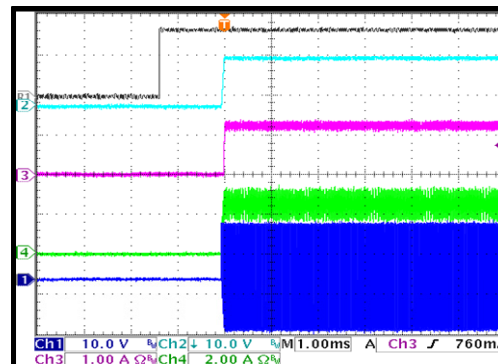
R1: V_{IN}
10V/div.
CH2: $V_{LED+} - V_{LED-}$
CH3: I_{LED}
CH4: I_L
CH1: V_{sw}



Start-Up through EN

 $I_{LED} = 1.2A$

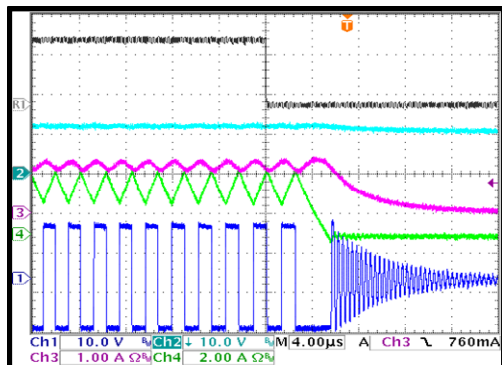
R1: V_{ENDIM}
2V/div.
CH2: $V_{LED+} - V_{LED-}$
CH3: I_{LED}
CH4: I_L
CH1: V_{sw}



Shutdown through EN

 $I_{LED} = 1.2A$

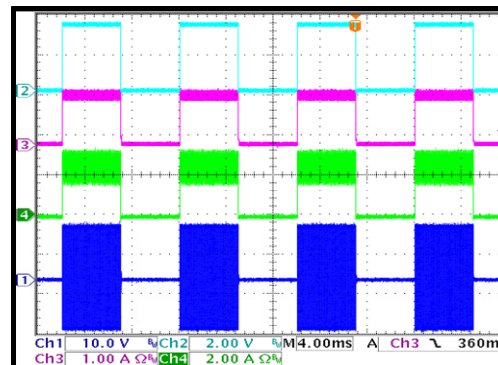
R1: V_{ENDIM}
2V/div.
CH2: $V_{LED+} - V_{LED-}$
CH3: I_{LED}
CH4: I_L
CH1: V_{sw}



PWM Dimming Steady State

Dimming frequency = 100Hz

CH2: V_{ENDIM}
CH3: I_{LED}
CH4: I_L
CH1: V_{sw}



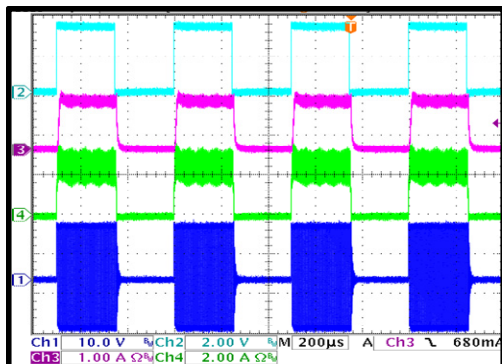
EVB TEST RESULTS (continued)

Performance curves and waveforms are tested on the evaluation board, $V_{IN} = 13.5V$, 4 LEDs in series ($V_{LED} = 12V$), $f_{SW} = 410kHz$, $L = 10\mu H$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.

PWM Dimming Steady State

Dimming frequency = 2kHz

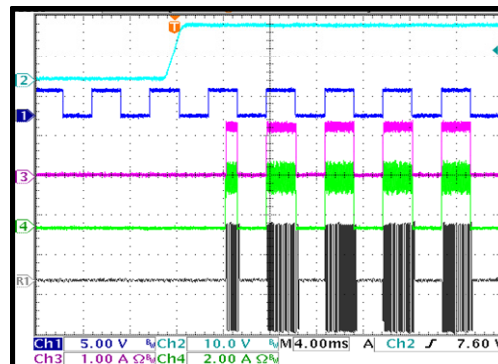
CH2: $V_{EN/DIM}$
CH3: I_{LED}
CH4: I_L
CH1: V_{SW}



PWM Dimming

Start-up through V_{IN}

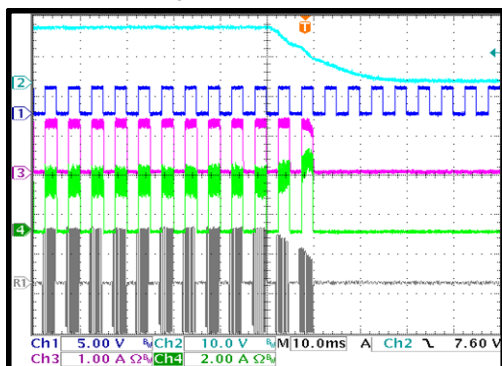
CH2: V_{IN}
CH1: $V_{EN/DIM}$
CH3: I_{LED}
CH4: I_L
R1: V_{SW}
10V/div.



PWM Dimming

Shutdown through V_{IN}

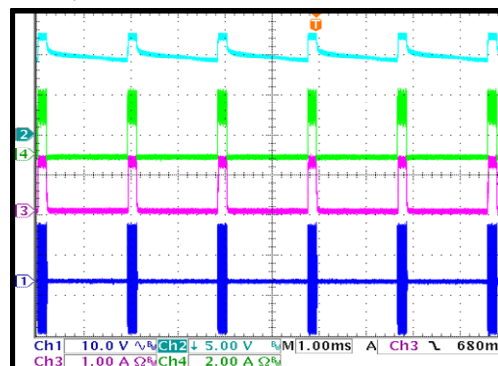
CH2: V_{IN}
CH1: $V_{EN/DIM}$
CH3: I_{LED}
CH4: I_L
R1: V_{SW}
10V/div.



Two-Step Dimming

Steady state

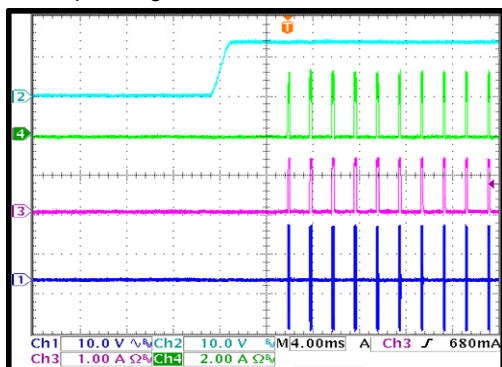
CH2: $V_{LED+} + V_{LED-}$
CH4: I_L
CH3: I_{LED}
CH1: V_{SW}



Two-Step Dimming

Start-up through V_{IN}

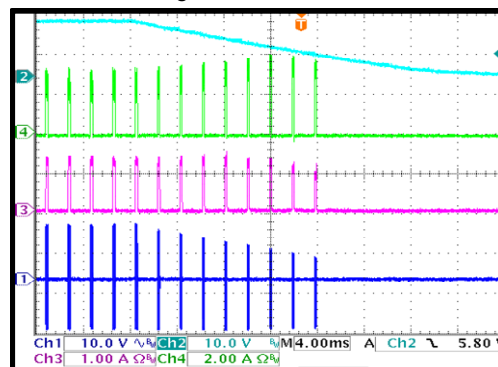
CH2: V_{IN}
CH4: I_L
CH3: I_{LED}
CH1: V_{SW}



Two-Step Dimming

Shutdown through V_{IN}

CH2: V_{IN}
CH4: I_L
CH3: I_{LED}
CH1: V_{SW}



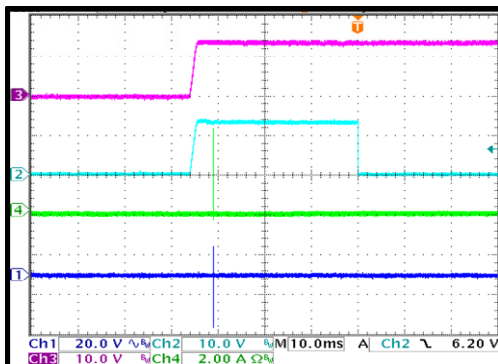
EVB TEST RESULTS (continued)

Performance curves and waveforms are tested on the evaluation board, $V_{IN} = 13.5V$, 4 LEDs in series ($V_{LED} = 12V$), $f_{SW} = 410kHz$, $L = 10\mu H$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.

No Dimming

LED open during VIN start-up

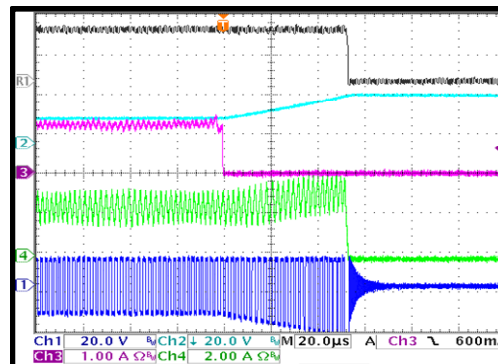
CH3: V_{IN}
CH2: V_{FAULT}
CH4: I_L
 V_{SW}



No Dimming

LED open entry

R1: V_{FAULT}
10V/div.
CH2:
 $V_{LED+} - V_{LED-}$
CH3: I_{LED}
CH4: I_L
CH1: V_{SW}

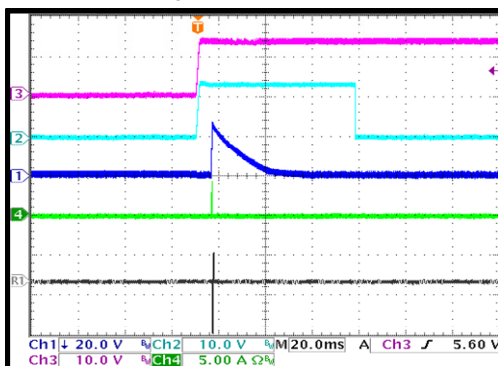


PWM Dimming

LED open during VIN start-up

CH3: V_{IN}
CH2: V_{FAULT}
CH1:
 $V_{LED+} - V_{LED-}$
CH4: I_L

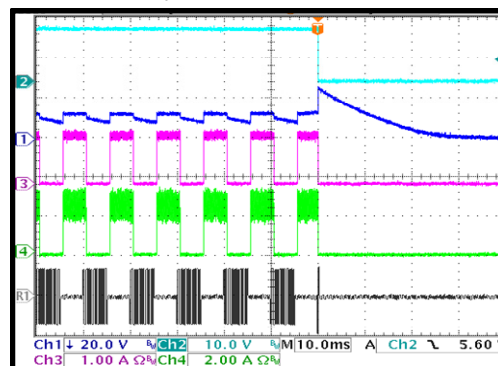
R1: V_{SW}
20V/div.



PWM Dimming

LED open entry

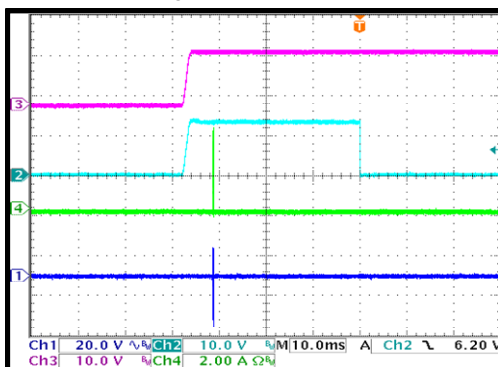
CH2:
 V_{FAULT}
CH1:
 $V_{LED+} - V_{LED-}$
CH3: I_{LED}
CH4: I_L
R1: V_{SW}
20V/div.



Two-Step Dimming

LED open during VIN start-up

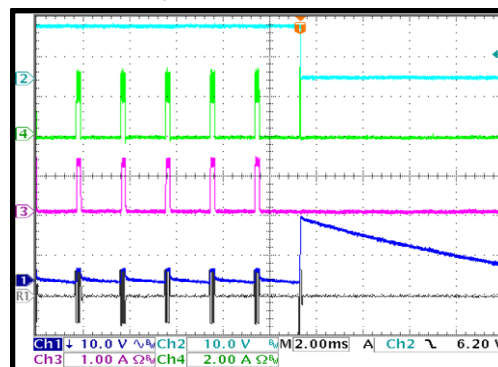
CH3: V_{IN}
CH2: V_{FAULT}
CH4: I_L
CH1: V_{SW}



Two-Step Dimming

LED open entry

CH2:
 V_{FAULT}
CH4: I_L
CH3: I_{LED}
CH1:
 $V_{LED+} - V_{LED-}$
R1: V_{SW}
20V/div.

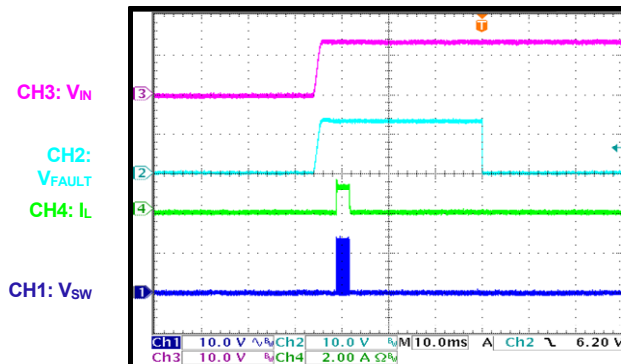


EVB TEST RESULTS *(continued)*

Performance curves and waveforms are tested on the evaluation board, $V_{IN} = 13.5V$, 4 LEDs in series ($V_{LED} = 12V$), $f_{SW} = 410kHz$, $L = 10\mu H$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.

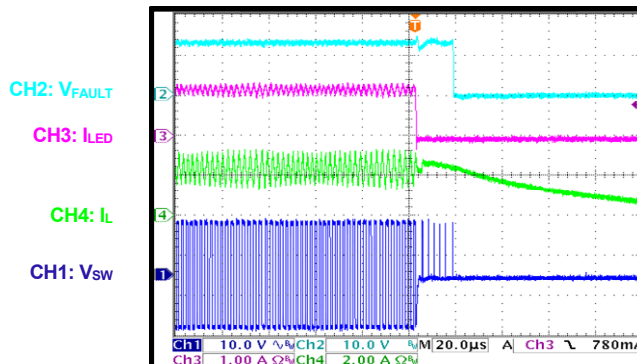
No Dimming

LED+ short to LED- during VIN start-up



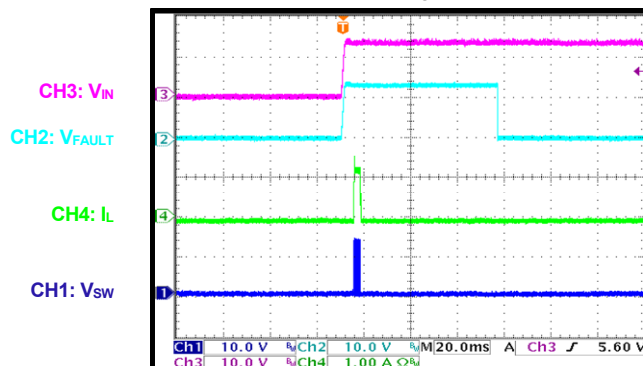
No Dimming

LED+ short to LED- entry



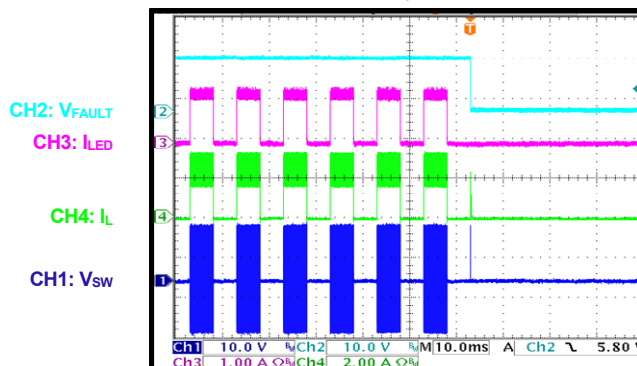
PWM Dimming

LED+ short to LED- during VIN start-up



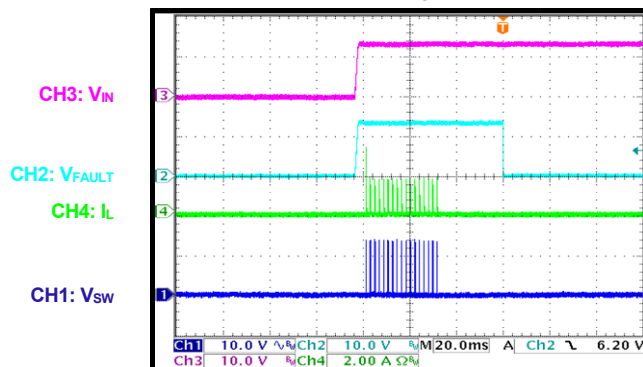
PWM Dimming

LED+ short to LED- entry



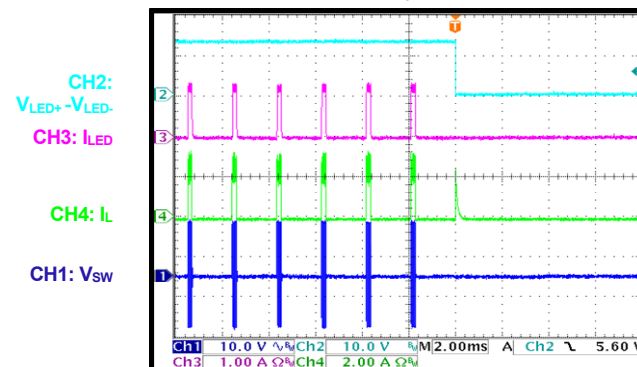
Two-Step Dimming

LED+ short to LED- during VIN start-up



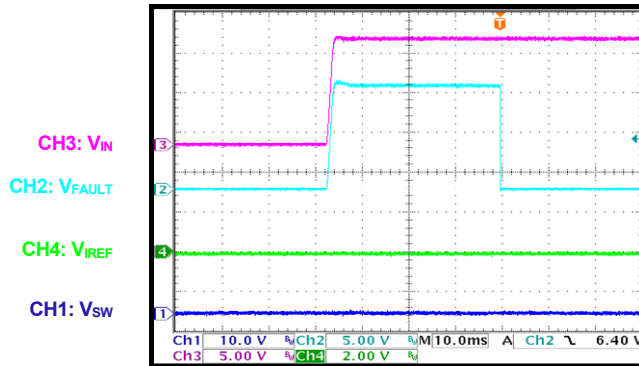
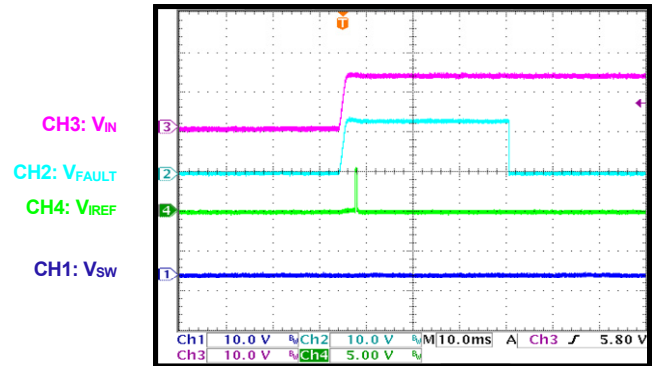
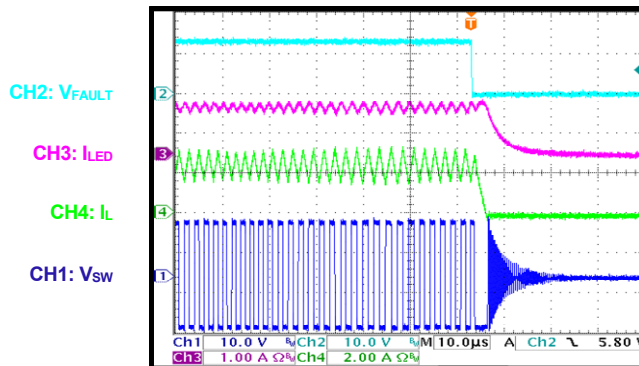
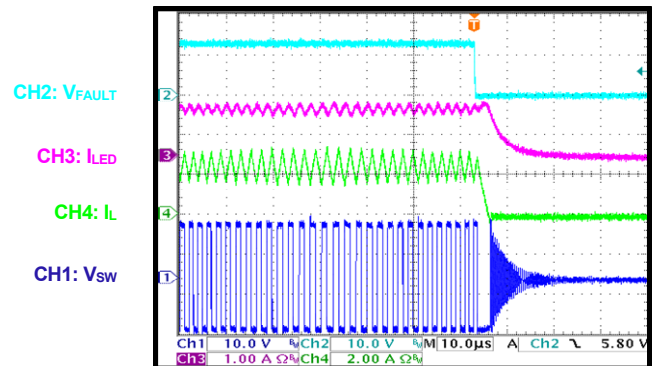
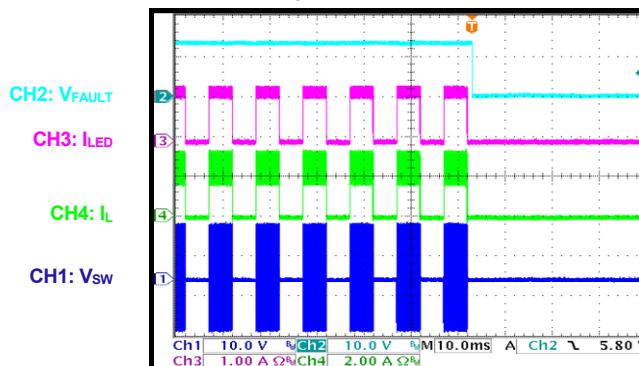
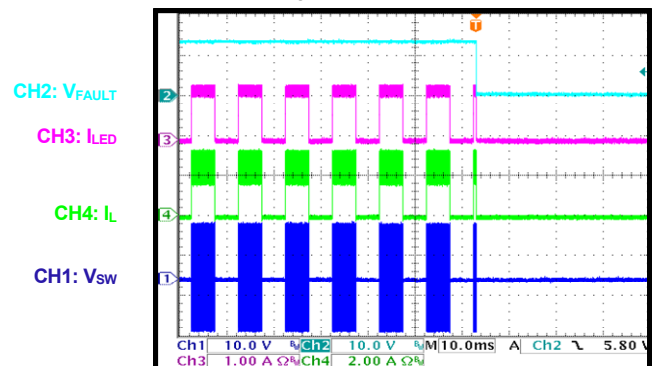
Two-Step Dimming

LED+ short to LED- entry



EVB TEST RESULTS *(continued)*

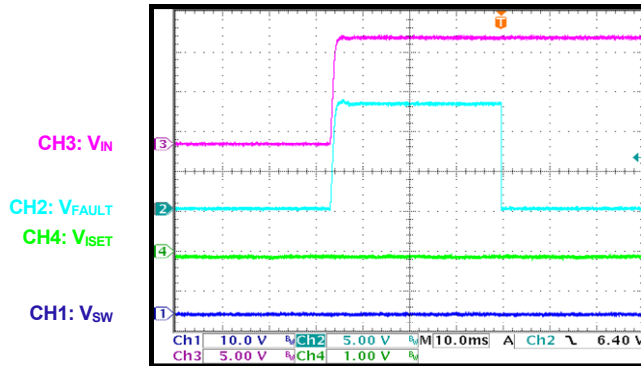
Performance curves and waveforms are tested on the evaluation board, $V_{IN} = 13.5V$, 4 LEDs in series ($V_{LED} = 12V$), $f_{SW} = 410kHz$, $L = 10\mu H$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.

I_{REF} Short before VIN Start-Up

I_{REF} Open before VIN Start-Up

I_{REF} Short after VIN Start-Up

I_{REF} Open after VIN Start-Up

I_{REF} Short after VIN Start-Up
PWM dimming

I_{REF} Open after VIN Start-Up
PWM dimming


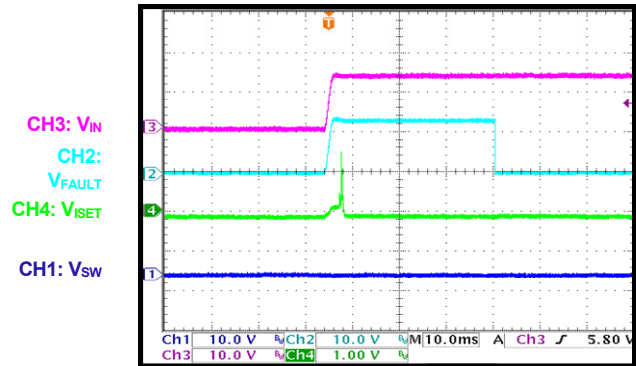
EVB TEST RESULTS *(continued)*

Performance curves and waveforms are tested on the evaluation board, $V_{IN} = 13.5V$, 4 LEDs in series ($V_{LED} = 12V$), $f_{SW} = 410kHz$, $L = 10\mu H$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.

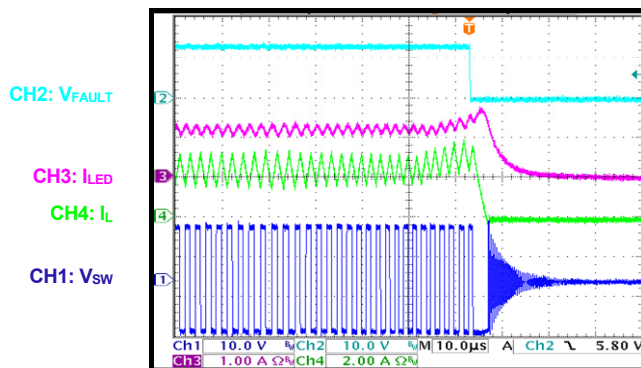
I_{SET} Short before VIN Start-Up



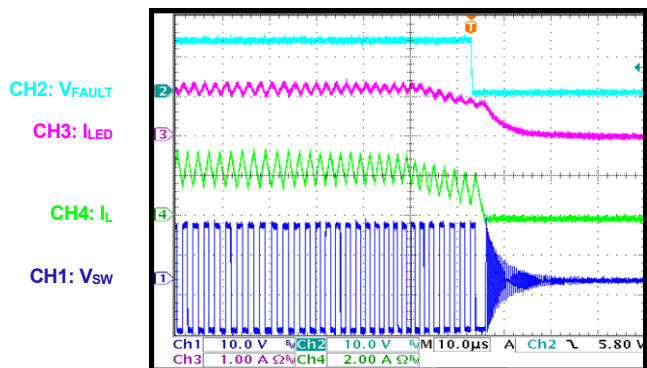
I_{SET} Open before VIN Start-Up



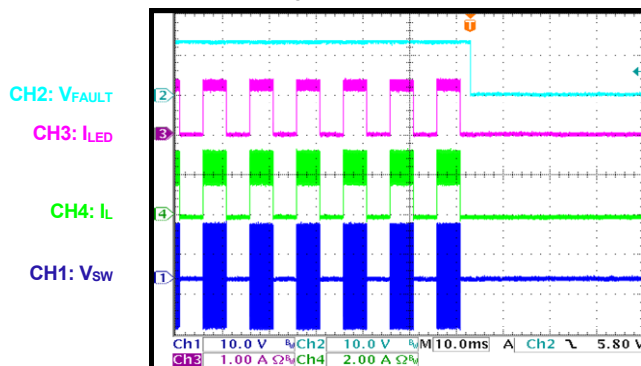
I_{SET} Short after VIN Start-Up



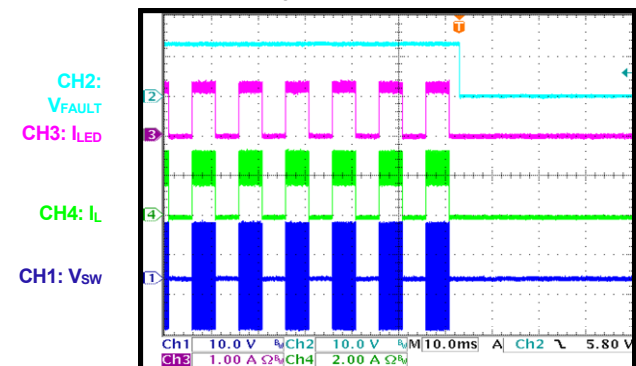
I_{SET} Open after VIN Start-Up



**I_{SET} Short after VIN Start-Up
PWM dimming**



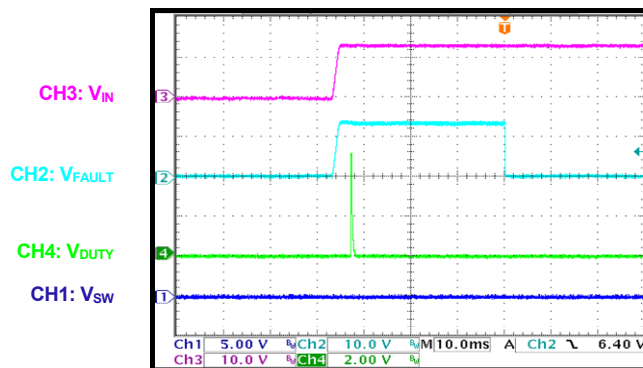
**I_{SET} Open after VIN Start-Up
PWM dimming**



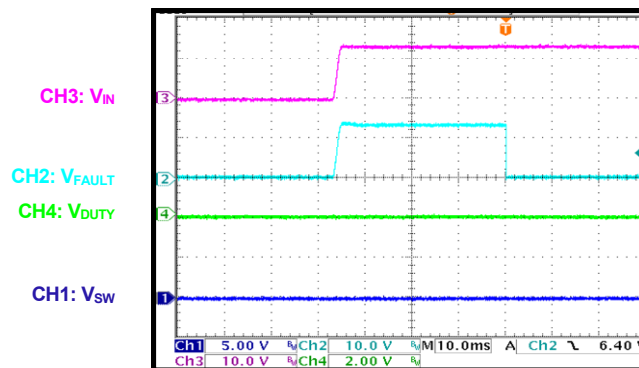
EVB TEST RESULTS (continued)

Performance curves and waveforms are tested on the evaluation board, $V_{IN} = 13.5V$, 4 LEDs in series ($V_{LED} = 12V$), $f_{SW} = 410kHz$, $L = 10\mu H$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.

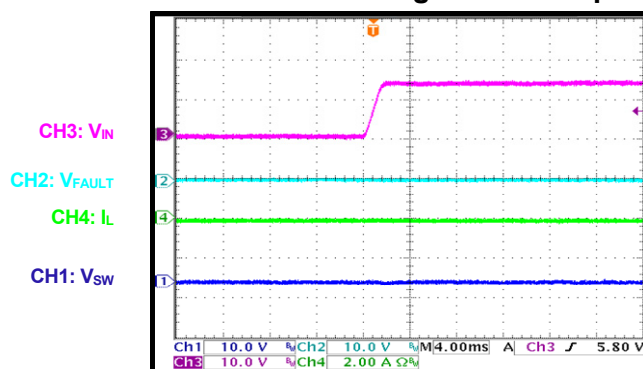
IDUTY Short before VIN Start-Up



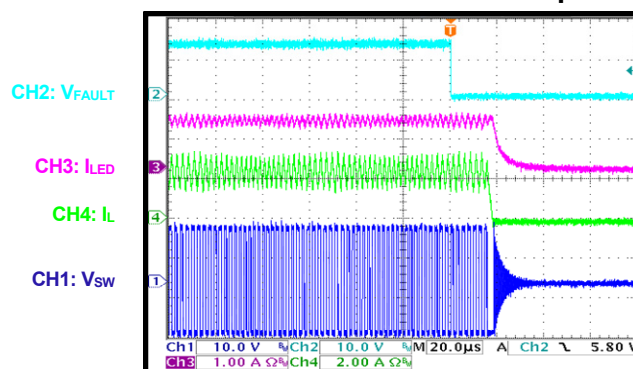
IDUTY Open before VIN Start-Up



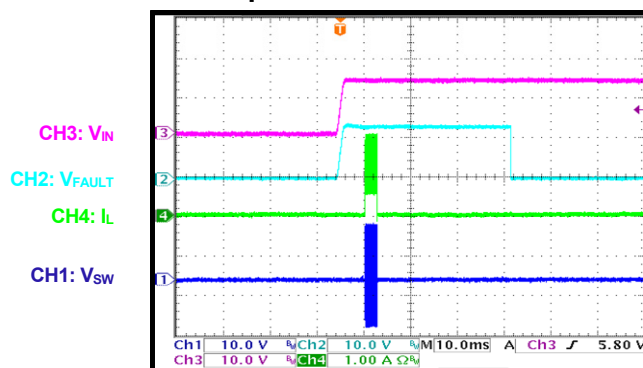
FAULT Short during VIN Start-Up



FAULT Short after VIN Start-Up



False Mode Detection during VIN Start-Up



PCB LAYOUT

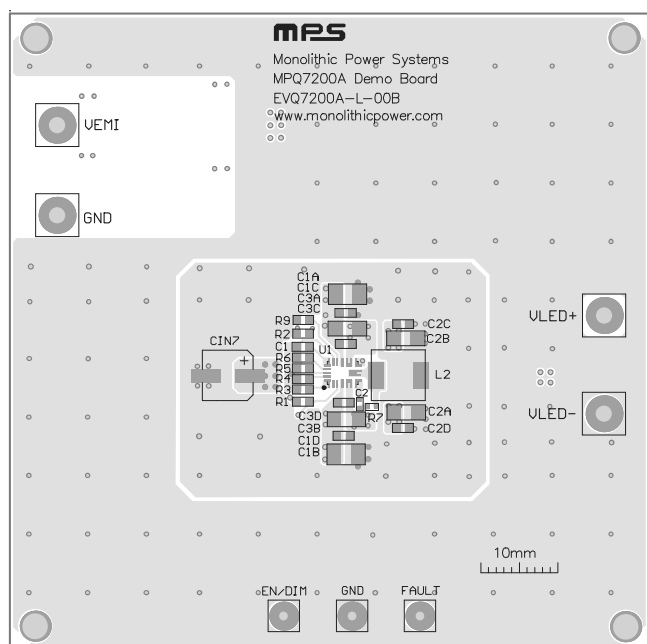


Figure 4: Top Silk and Top Layer

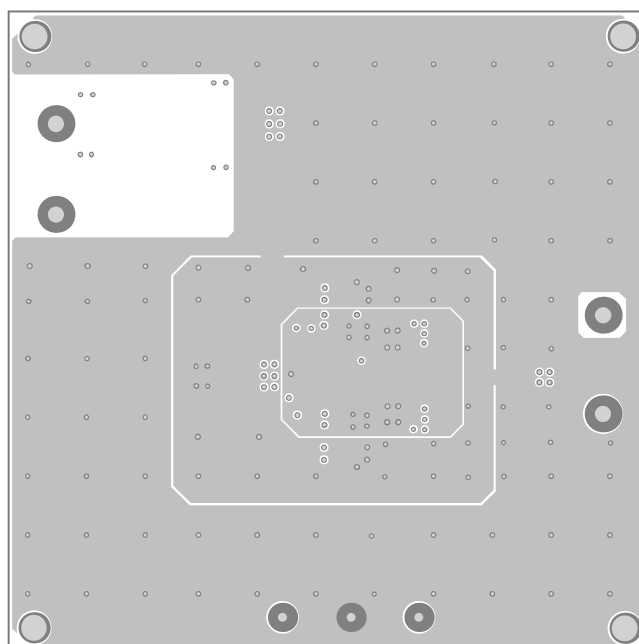


Figure 5: Mid-Layer 1

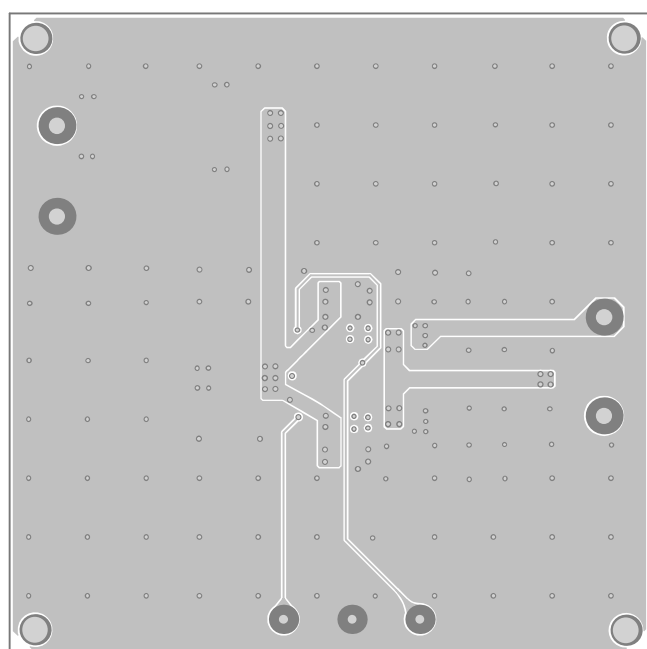


Figure 6: Mid-Layer 2

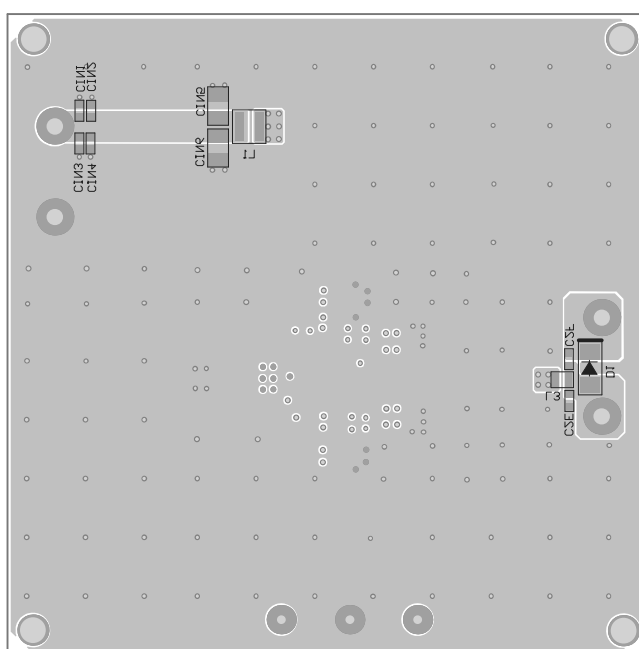


Figure 7: Bottom Layer and Bottom Silk

REVISION HISTORY

Revision #	Revision Date	Description	Pages Updated
1.0	1/26/2022	Initial Release	-

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