



# EV2672A-D-00A

## 2-Cell Boost Charger with 2A Charge Current and NVDC Evaluation Board

### DESCRIPTION

The EV2672A-D-00A is an evaluation board designed to demonstrate the capabilities of the MP2672A, a highly integrated, flexible switch-mode battery charging management device for 2-cell series Li-ion and Li-polymer battery packs. The MP2672A can be used in a wide range of portable applications.

When a 5V adapter or USB input is present, the MP2672A charges the 2-cell battery in step-up mode. When the 5V input is absent, the 2-cell battery discharges, and the battery supplies power to the system.

To effectively charge each application, the MP2672A automatically detects the battery voltage, and charges the battery in three phases: pre-charge, constant current (CC) charge, and constant voltage (CV) charge. Other charging features include charge termination and auto-recharge.

To guarantee safe operation, the MP2672A limits the die temperature to a preset value (about 120°C). Other safety features include input over-voltage protection (OVP), battery OVP, thermal shutdown, battery temperature monitoring, and a configurable timer to prevent prolonged charging of a dead battery.

The MP2672A is available in a QFN-18 (2mmx3mm) package.

### ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Units
Input voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	4.5 to 6.0	V
Pre-charge threshold	V <sub>BATT_PRE</sub>	6.4, I <sup>2</sup> C-configurable	V
Battery charge voltage regulation	V <sub>BATT_REG</sub>	8.4, I <sup>2</sup> C-configurable	V
Fast charge current	I <sub>CC</sub>	2, I <sup>2</sup> C-configurable	A
System regulation minimum voltage	V <sub>SYS_REG_MIN</sub>	6.7	V

### FEATURES

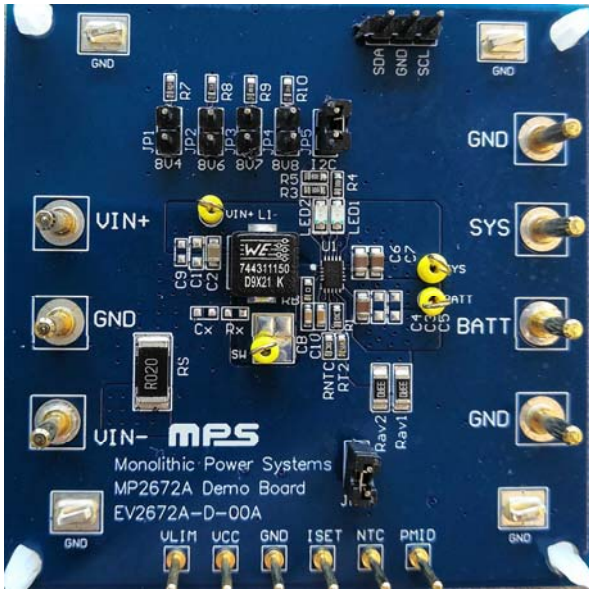
- 4.0V to 5.75V Input Voltage Range
- Compatible with Host and Standalone Mode
- NVDC Power Path Management
- Configurable Input Voltage Limit
- Up to 2A Configurable Charge Current for 2-Cell Battery
- Configurable Charge Voltage with 0.5% Accuracy
- No External Sense Resistor Required
- Integrated Cell-Balancing Circuit and Preconditioning for Fully Depleted Battery
- Flexible New Charging Cycle Initiation
- Charging Operation Indicator
- I<sup>2</sup>C Port for Flexible System Parameter Setting and Status Reporting
- Negative Temperature Coefficient (NTC) Pin for Temperature Monitoring
- Built-In Charging Protection and Configurable Safety Timer
- Thermal Regulation and Thermal Shutdown
- Available in a QFN-18 (2mmx3mm) Package

### APPLICATIONS

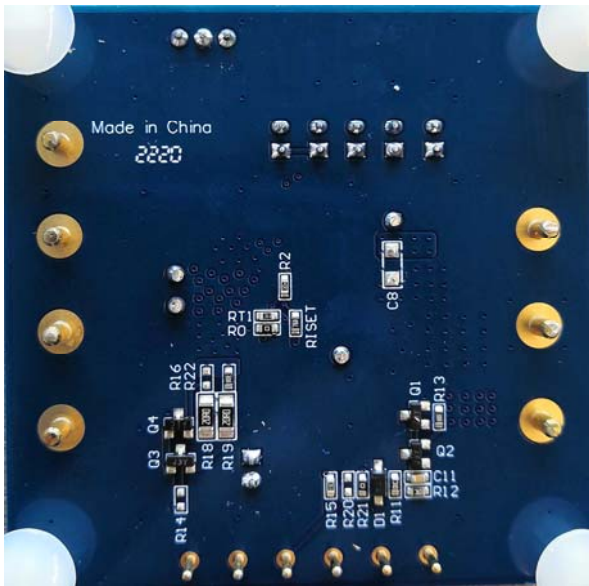
- Portable Handheld Solutions
- Point-of-Sale (PoS) Machines
- Bluetooth Speakers
- E-Cigarettes
- General 2-Cell Applications

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## EV2672A-D-00A EVALUATION BOARD



Top Layer



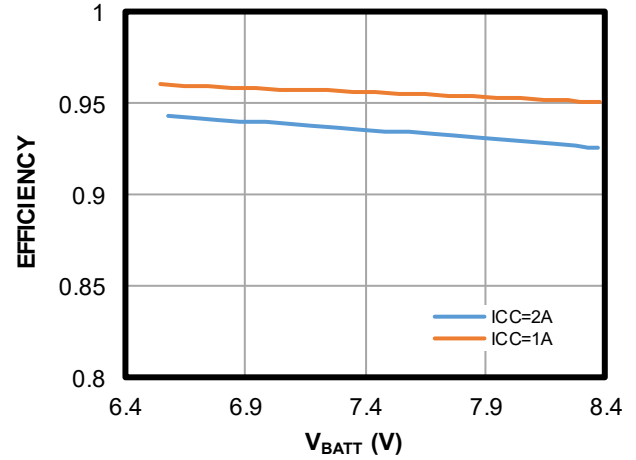
Bottom Layer

(LxWxH) 6.35cmx6.35cmx0.16cm

Board Number	MPS IC Number
EV2672A-D-00A	MP2672AGD

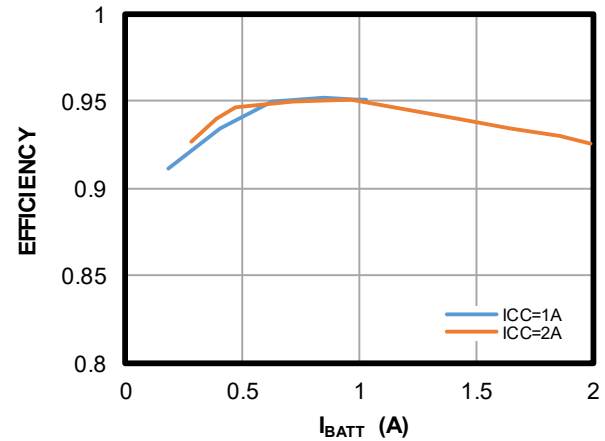
### Charge Efficiency Tests on the EVB Constant Current Charge Efficiency

$V_{IN} = 5V$  (5A),  $I_{SYS} = 0A$ ,  $V_{BATT}$  ramp from 6.4V to 8.4V in a constant current loop



### Constant Voltage Efficiency

$V_{IN} = 5V$  (5A),  $I_{SYS} = 0A$ ,  $V_{BATT} = 8.4V$ , charge current decreases until charging is done in the constant voltage loop



## QUICK START GUIDE

**Table 1: Jumper Connections**

Jumper	Description	Factory Setting
JP1	Standalone mode, BATT_REG = 8.4V	Floating
JP2	Standalone mode, BATT_REG = 8.6V	Floating
JP3	Standalone mode, BATT_REG = 8.7V	Floating
JP4	Standalone mode, BATT_REG = 8.8V	Floating
JP5	Host-control mode, BATT_REG = 8.4V (default)	Connected

**Table 2: Enabling the Cell Balance Function**

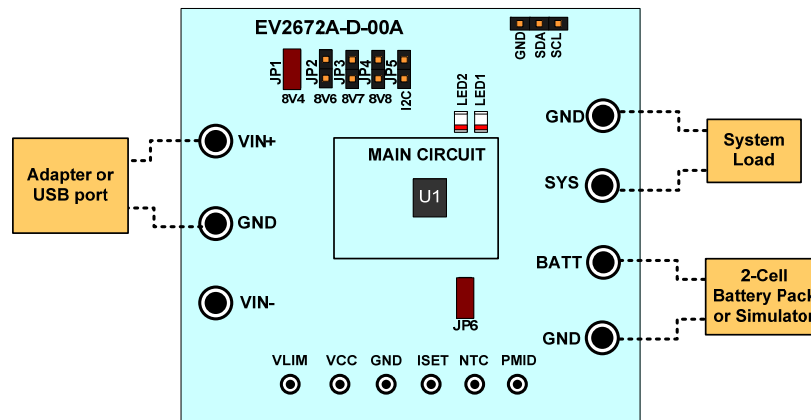
Jumper	Floating	Connected	Factory Setting
JP6	Enable the cell balance function	Disable the cell balance function	Connected

This evaluation board is designed for the MP2672A, which can be used as a standalone switching charger with integrated MOSFETs. Its layout accommodates most commonly used components. The default function of this board is preset for host-control mode, and the battery regulation voltage is 8.4V (default) for 2-cell Lithium-ion batteries.

The evaluation board can work in two control modes: standalone mode or host-control mode.

### 1. Standalone Mode

Figure 1 shows the test set-up for standalone mode. To operate in standalone mode, connect the CV pin to AGND via a resistor, then set the battery-full voltage.



**Figure 1: Test Set-Up for the MP2672A in Standalone Mode**

In standalone mode, the charge current ( $I_{CC}$ ) is configured by the resistor ( $R_{ISET}$ ) connected between the ISET pin and GND.  $R_{ISET}$  should be below 24k $\Omega$ .  $I_{CC}$  can be calculated with Equation (1):

$$I_{CC}(\text{A}) = 1(\text{A}) \times \frac{12(\text{k}\Omega)}{R_{ISET}(\text{k}\Omega)} \quad (1)$$

### 2. Host-Control Mode

Figure 2 shows the set-up for host-control mode. For this mode, connect the CV pin to the VCC pin. The battery-full voltage and charge current are set by the I<sup>2</sup>C register.

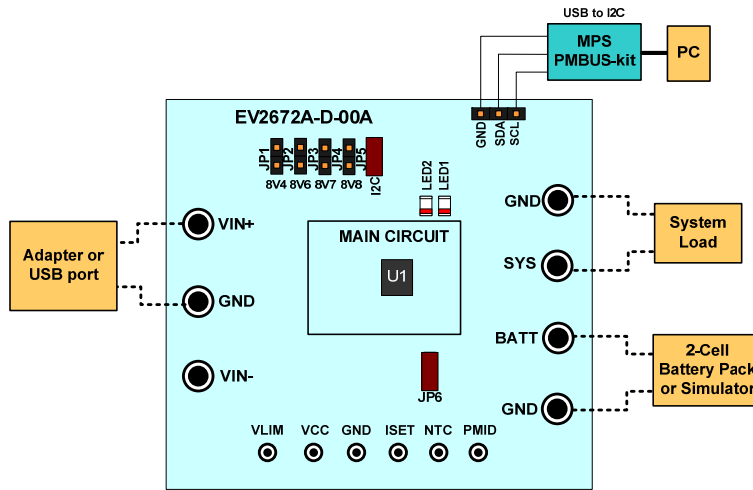


Figure 2: Test Set-Up for the MP2672A in Host-Control Mode

### Evaluation Platform Preparation

Follow the steps below to set up the evaluation platform:

- 1) Ensure a computer is available with at least one USB port and a USB cable. The MP2672A evaluation software must be properly installed.
- 2) Ensure that the USB to I<sup>2</sup>C communication kit (EVKT-USBI2C-02) is present (see Figure 3).



**Figure 3: USB to I<sup>2</sup>C Communication Kit**

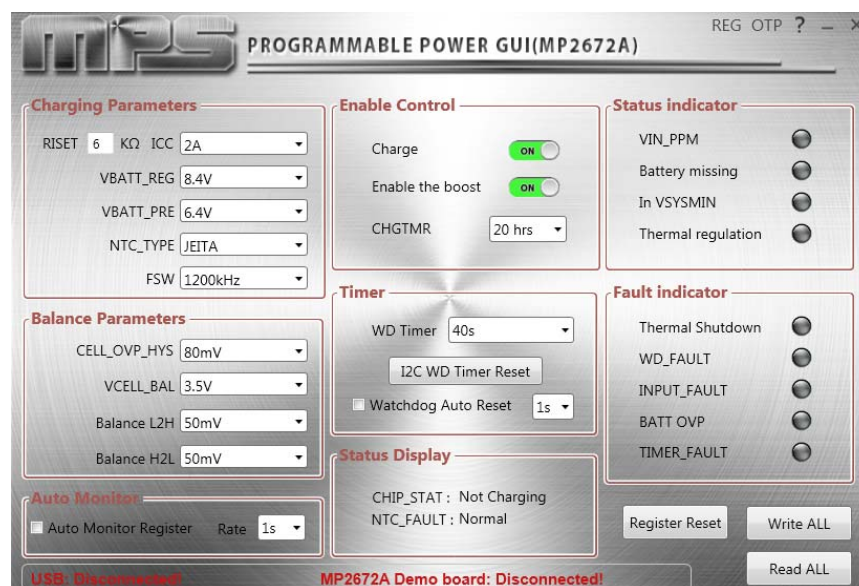
- 3) To enable the software, double-click on the “MP2672A Evaluation Kit” .exe file to run the MP2672A evaluation software. The software supports the Windows XP, Windows 7, and later operating systems.

The MP2672A evaluation kit.exe file can be downloaded from MPS website.

- 4) Configure the test set-up for the MP2672A (see Figure 2).
- 5) Attach the input voltage ( $V_{IN} = 5V$ ) to the VIN pin, and attach the input ground to the GND pin.
- 6) Connect the battery terminals ( $V_{BATT} = 6.4V$  to  $8.4V$ ) to:
  - a) Positive (+): BATT
  - b) Negative (-): GND

If using a battery simulator, set the voltage to 7.4V with a 5A sink current limit.

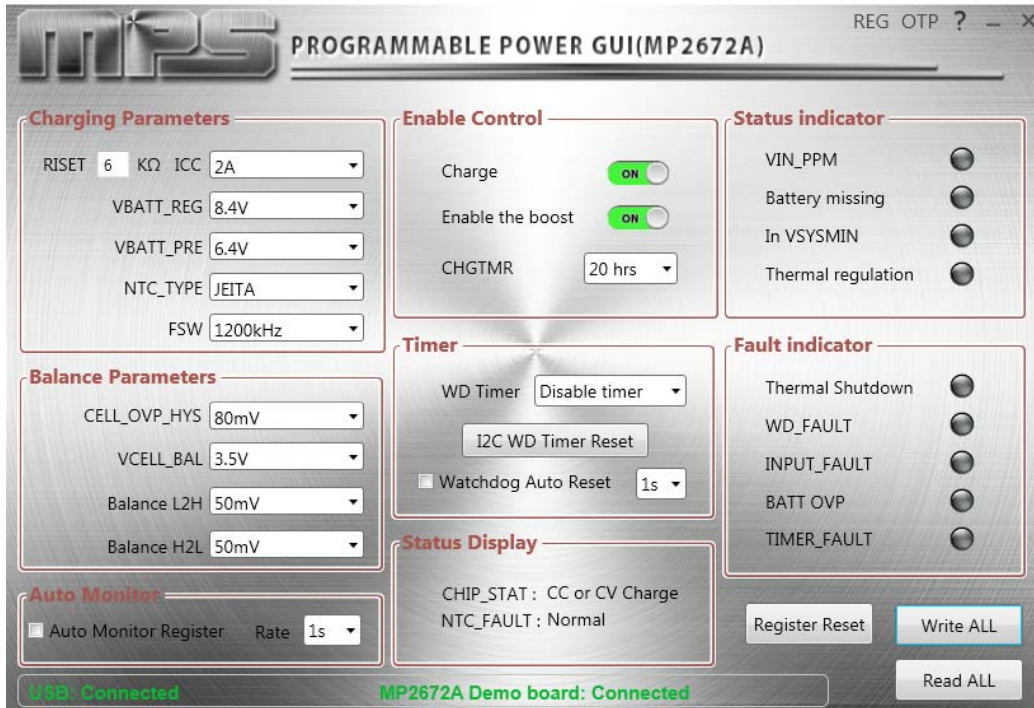
- 7) Connect the system load to the SYS pin, and attach the system load ground to the GND pin.
- 8) Turn the computer on, then launch the MP2672A evaluation software. Figure 4 shows the main software window of the GUI software.



**Figure 4: Main Software Window**

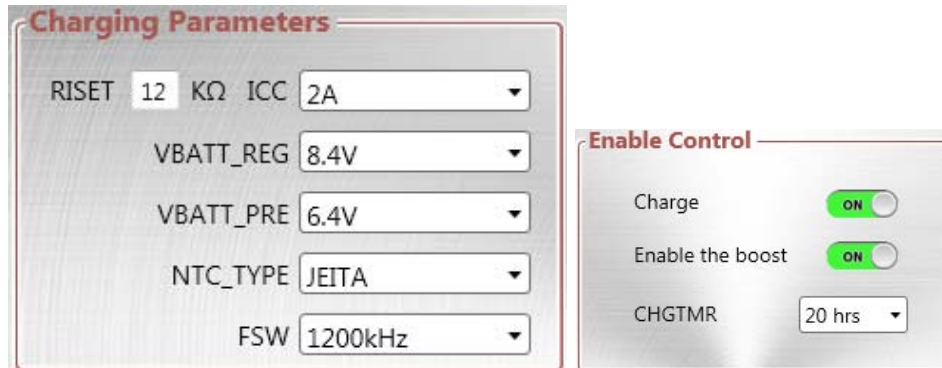
**Procedure**

1. Ensure that all the connections are normal (the USB is connected and the EV2672A-D-00A is connected). If all the connections are successful, the user is able to run the program (see Figure 5).
2. Turn the DC source on. It should be ready to run the MP2672A in boost charge (see Figure 5).



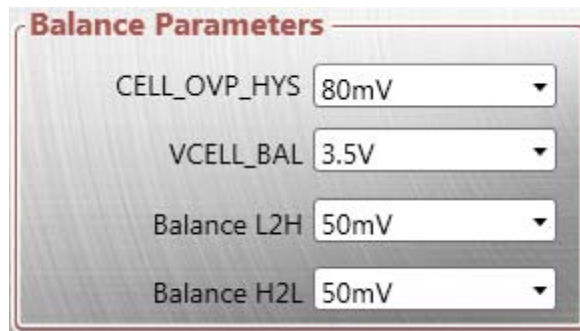
**Figure 5: Successful Demo Board Connection**

3. Configure the charging parameters, such as the charge current, battery regulation voltage, constant charge timer, and NTC type (see Figure 6).



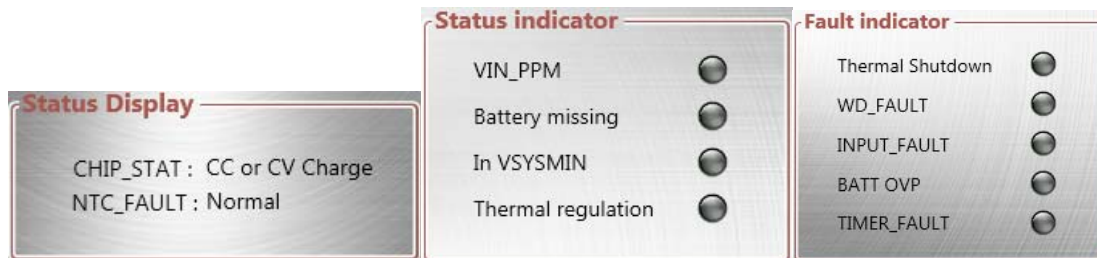
**Figure 6: Charging Parameters**

4. Set the balance parameters (see Figure 7)  
 For cell-balance control, connect PMID to the middle pin of the 2-cell battery pack (or 2-battery simulator in series), then check the battery cell balance function.



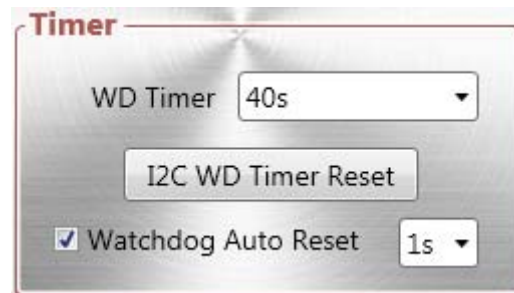
**Figure 6: Balance Parameters**

- Monitor the registers to obtain the MP2672A’s operation status and fault report (see Figure 7).



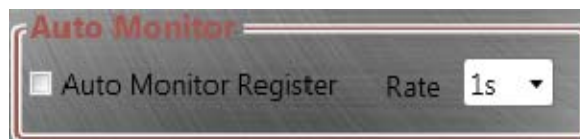
**Figure 7: Status and Fault Report for the MP2672A**

- To select the I<sup>2</sup>C watchdog timer limit, click “Watchdog Auto Reset” to enable watchdog control and run the program automatically (see Figure 8).



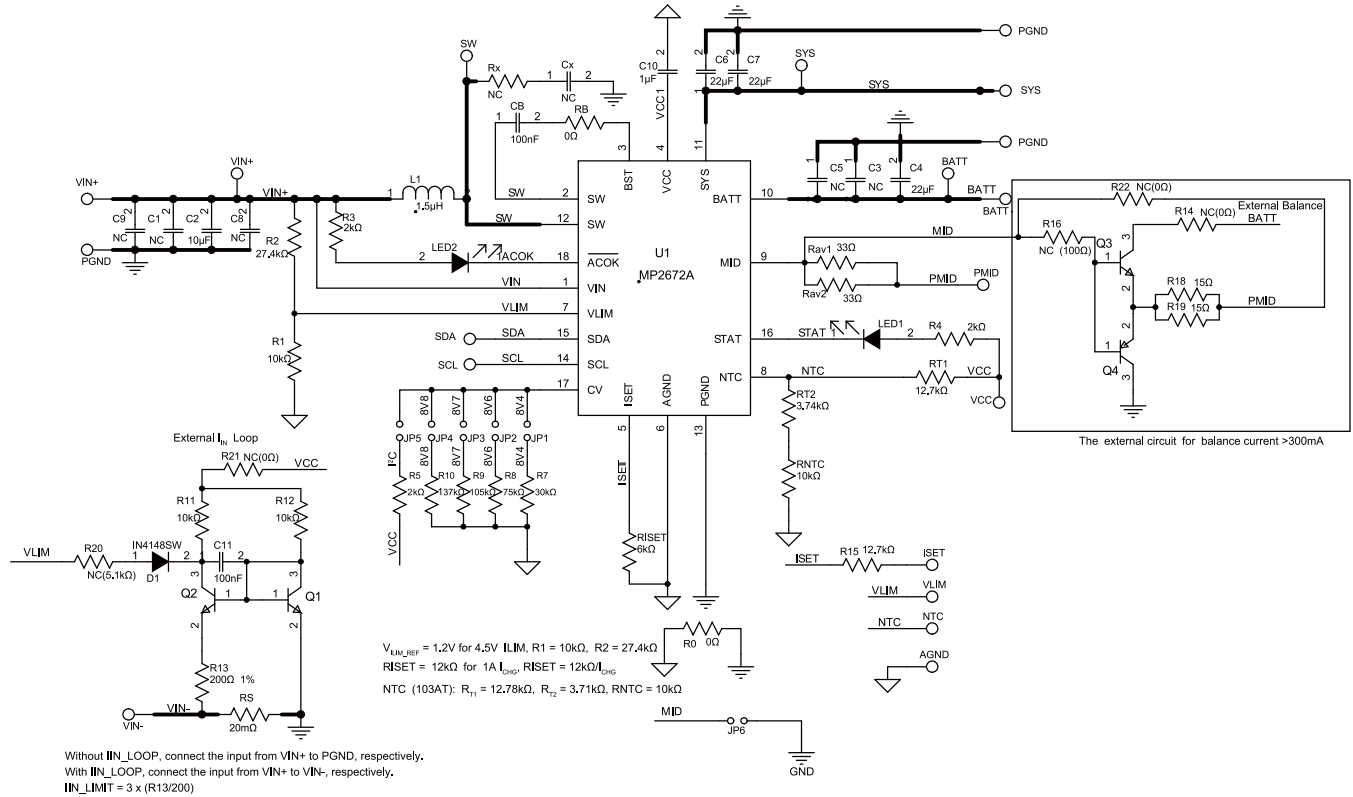
**Figure 8: Setting the Watchdog Timer Limit**

- The resistor auto-monitor can also be set using this program (see Figure 9).



**Figure 9: Resistor Auto-Monitor**

## EVALUATION BOARD SCHEMATIC



**Figure 10: Evaluation Board Schematic (1) (2) (3)**

### Notes:

- 1) Follow the steps below to enable the cell balance function:
  - a) Connect  $PMID$  to the middle pin of the 2-cell battery pack to enable the cell balance function.
  - b) External cell balancing is active if  $R16 = 100\Omega$ , and  $R12 = R14 = 0\Omega$ .
  - c) Connect  $PMID$  to  $GND$  to disable the cell balance function.
- 2) Follow the steps below to enable the external input current limit loop:
  - a) Set  $R20 = 5.1k\Omega$ , and set  $R21 = 0\Omega$ .
  - b) Connect the cathode of the input power to  $VIN-$ .
- 3) Table 1 and Table 2 on page 3 show how the jumper connections can alter the device.



**EV2672A-D-00A BILL OF MATERIALS**

Qty	Ref	Value	Description	Package	Manufacturer	Manufacturer P/N
1	C1	NC	Capacitor, 16V, X7R	0805	Murata	GRM21BR61C106KE15
1	C2	10 $\mu$ F	Capacitor, 16V, X7R	0805	Murata	GRM21BR61C106KE15
2	C3, C5	NC	Capacitor, 16V, X5R	0805	Murata	GRM21BR61E226ME44L
3	C4, C6, C7	22 $\mu$ F	Capacitor, 16V, X5R	0805	Murata	GRM21BR61E226ME44L
3	C8, C9, Cx	NC	Capacitor, 16V, X7R	0603	Any	
1	C10	1 $\mu$ F	Ceramic capacitor, 6.3V, X7R	0603	Murata	GRM188R71C105KA12D
2	C11, CB	100nF	Ceramic capacitor, 25V, X7R	0603	Murata	GCJ188R71H104KA12D
1	D1	IN4148W	75V, 0.15A	SOD-123	Diodes Inc.	IN4148W
1	L1	1.5 $\mu$ H	Inductor, 1.5 $\mu$ H, 10m $\Omega$ , 14A	SMD	Würth	744311150
1	LED2	BL-HUF35A-TRB	Red light LED	0805	Hongbai	BL-HUF35A-TRB
1	LED1	BL-HGE35A-AV-TRB	Blue light LED	0805	Hongbai	BL-HGE35A-AV-TRB
3	Q1, Q2, Q3	S8050	Transistor, 25V, 0.5A	SOT-23	Fairchild	S8050
1	Q4	S8050	Transistor, PNP, 40V, 200mA	SOT-23	Fairchild	S8550
3	R0, RB, R21	0 $\Omega$	Film resistor, 5%	0603	Yageo	RTT03000JTP
4	R1, R11, R12, RNTC	10k $\Omega$	Film resistor, 1%	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-0710KL
1	R2	27.4k $\Omega$	Film resistor, 1%	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-0727K4L
3	R3, R4, R5	2k $\Omega$	Film Resistor, 1%	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-072KL
1	R7	30k $\Omega$	Resistor, 1%	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-0730KL
1	R8	75k $\Omega$	Film resistor, 1%	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-0775KL
1	R9	105k $\Omega$	Film resistor, 1%	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-07105KL
1	R10	137k $\Omega$	Film resistor;1%	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-07137KL
2	R13	200 $\Omega$	Film resistor, 1%	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-07200RL
2	R15, RT1	12.7k $\Omega$	Film resistor, 1%	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-0712K7L
2	R18, R19	20 $\Omega$	Film resistor, 1%	1206	Yageo	RC1206FR-0720RL
2	Rav1, Rav2	20 $\Omega$	Resistor, 1%	1206	Yageo	RC1206FR-0720RL
1	RISET	6.04k $\Omega$	Film resistor, 1%	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-076K04L
1	RS	20m $\Omega$	Film resistor, 1%, 1W	2512	Yageo	RL2512FK-070R02L
1	RT2	3.74k $\Omega$	Film resistor, 1%	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-073K74L
1	Rx	NC	Film resistor, 5%	0603	Any	
1	R16	NC	Film resistor, 5%, 100 $\Omega$	0603	Any	

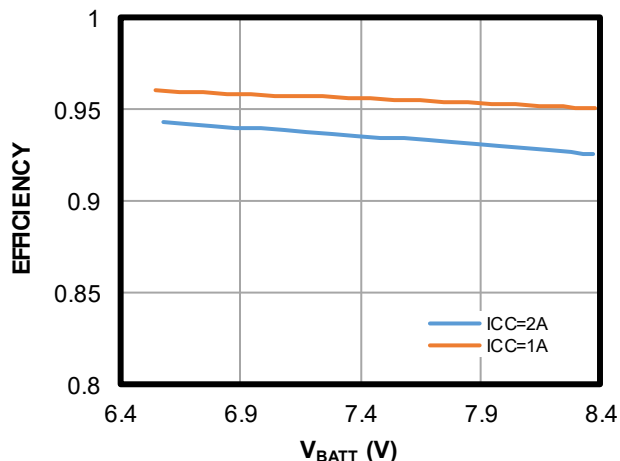
**EV2672A-D-00A BILL OF MATERIALS (continued)**

Qty	Ref	Value	Description	Package	Manufacturer	Manufacturer P/N
2	R14, R22	NC	Film resistor, 1%, 0Ω	0603	Any	
1	R20	NC	Film resistor, 1%, 5.1kΩ	0603	Any	
1	U1	MP2672AGD-0000	2-cell switching NVDC boost charger with cell balance function	QFN-18 (2mmx3mm)	MPS	MP2672AGD-xxxx
7	BATT, GND, VIN+, GND, VIN-, SYS, GND	2.0mm	Connector		Any	
4	BATT, VIN+, SYS, SW,	1.0mm	Test point		Any	
6	PMID, VLIM, AGND, ISET, NTC, VCC	2.54mm	Test point		Any	
6	JP1, JP2, JP3, JP4, JP5, JP6	2.54mm	Connector		Any	
2	JP5, JP6	2.54mm	Shorter		Any	
1	EV2672A - D-00A		PCB evaluation board			

## EVB TEST RESULTS

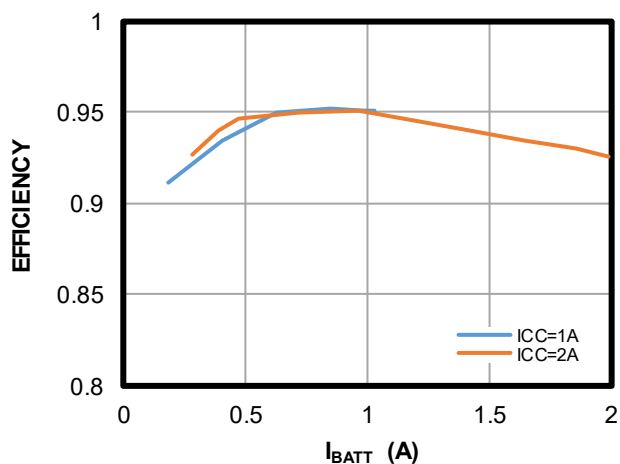
Performance curves and waveforms are tested on the evaluation board.  $V_{IN} = 5V$  (5A),  $V_{IN\_MIN} = 4.5V$ ,  $V_{BATT\_PRE} = 6.5V$ ,  $I_{CC} = 2A$ ,  $I_{SYS} = 0A$ ,  $V_{BATT} = 0V$  to  $8.4V$ ,  $C_{IN} = 10\mu F$ ,  $C_{SYS} = 44\mu F$ ,  $C_{BATT} = 22\mu F$ ,  $f_{SW} = 1200kHz$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.

**Constant Current Charge Efficiency**

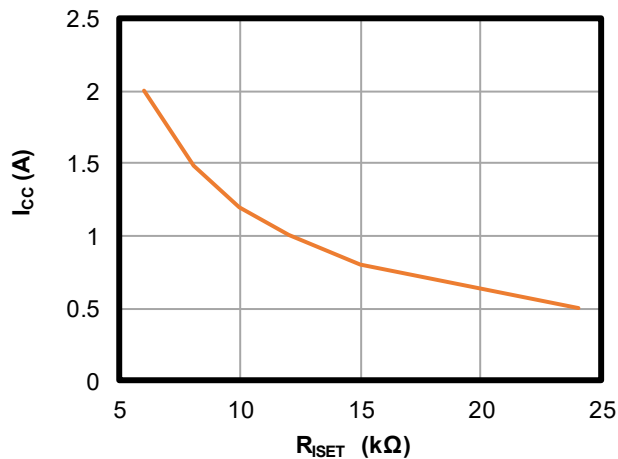


**Constant Voltage Efficiency**

BATT = 8.4V



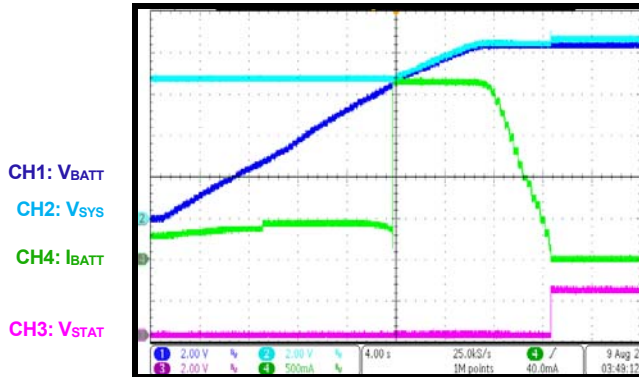
**$I_{CC}$  vs.  $R_{ISET}$**



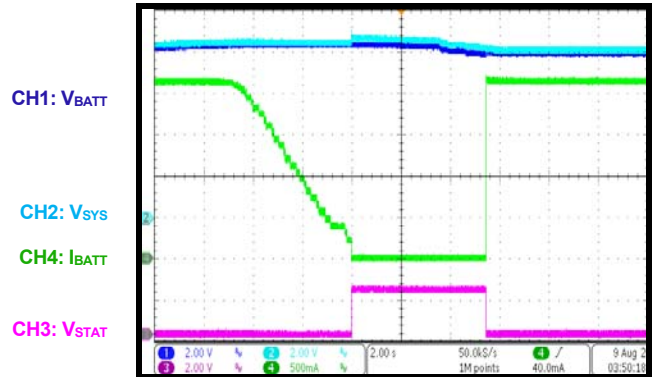
### EVB TEST RESULTS (continued)

Performance curves and waveforms are tested on the evaluation board.  $V_{IN} = 5V$  (5A),  $V_{IN\_MIN} = 4.5V$ ,  $V_{BATT\_PRE} = 6.5V$ ,  $I_{CC} = 2A$ ,  $I_{SYS} = 0A$ ,  $V_{BATT} = 0V$  to  $8.4V$ ,  $C_{IN} = 10\mu F$ ,  $C_{SYS} = 44\mu F$ ,  $C_{BATT} = 22\mu F$ ,  $f_{SW} = 1200kHz$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.

**Battery Charge Curve**

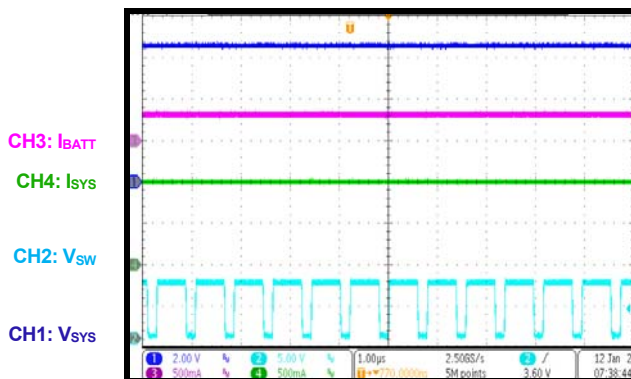


**Auto-Recharge**



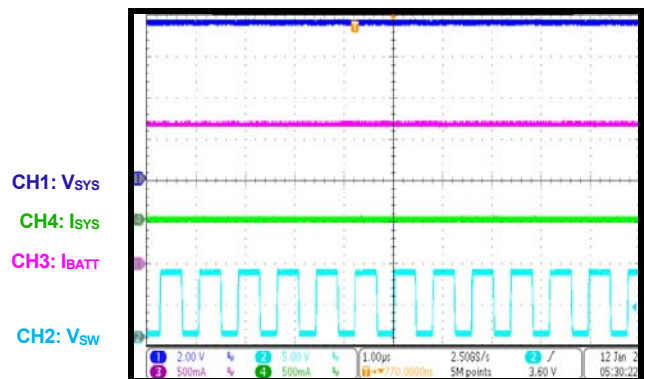
**Pre-Charge Steady State**

$V_{BATT} = 5V$ ,  $I_{SYS} = 1A$



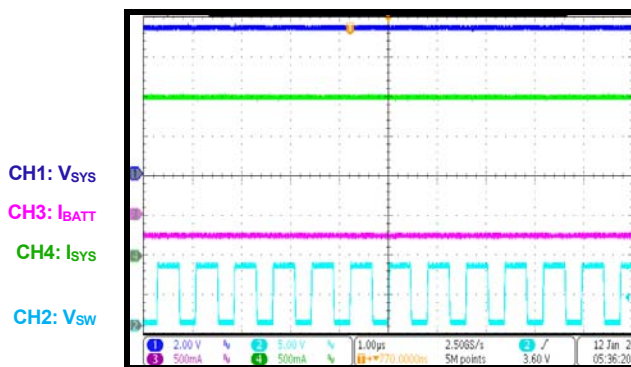
**Constant Current Charge Steady State**

$V_{BATT} = 7.4V$ ,  $I_{SYS} = 0A$



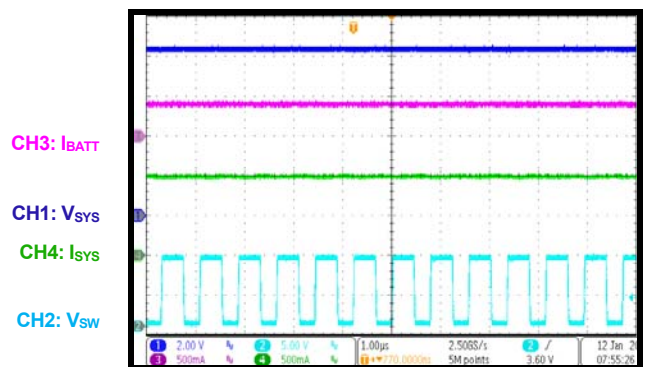
**Constant Current Charge Steady State**

$V_{BATT} = 7.4V$ ,  $I_{SYS} = 2A$



**Constant Current Charge Steady State**

$V_{BATT} = 8.4V/0.5A$ ,  $I_{SYS} = 1A$

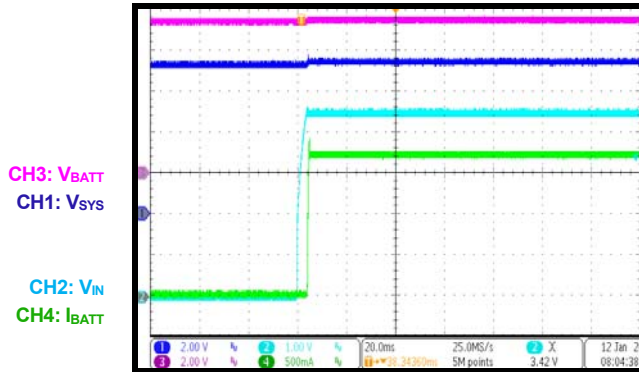


### EVB TEST RESULTS (continued)

Performance curves and waveforms are tested on the evaluation board.  $V_{IN} = 5V$  (5A),  $V_{IN\_MIN} = 4.5V$ ,  $V_{BATT\_PRE} = 6.5V$ ,  $I_{CC} = 2A$ ,  $I_{SYS} = 0A$ ,  $V_{BATT} = 0V$  to  $8.4V$ ,  $C_{IN} = 10\mu F$ ,  $C_{SYS} = 44\mu F$ ,  $C_{BATT} = 22\mu F$ ,  $f_{SW} = 1200kHz$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.

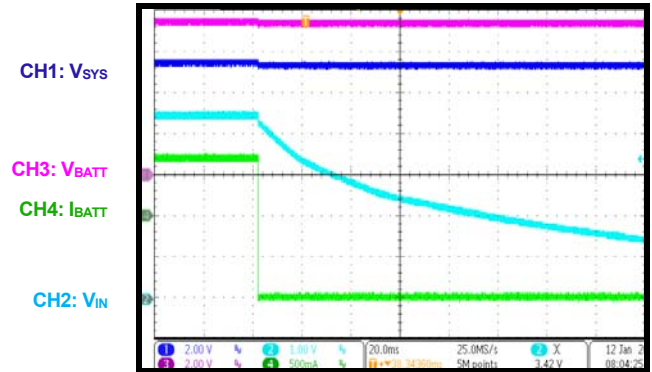
#### Start-Up through VIN

$V_{BATT} = 7.4V$ ,  $I_{SYS} = 1.5A$



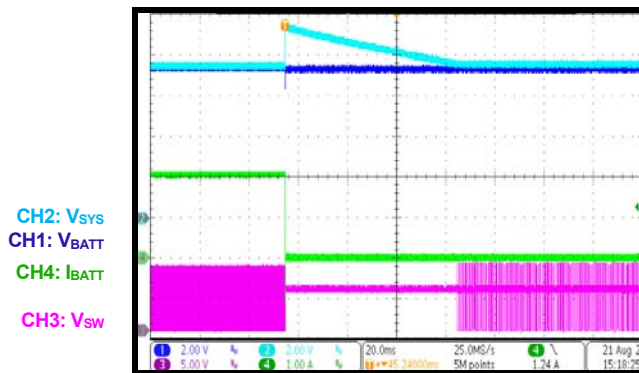
#### Shutdown through VIN

$V_{BATT} = 7.4V$ ,  $I_{SYS} = 1.5A$



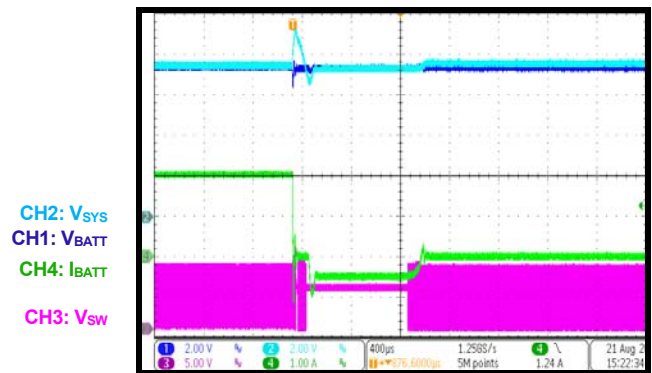
#### Constant Current Charge Disabled

$V_{BATT} = 7.4V$ ,  $I_{SYS} = 0A$



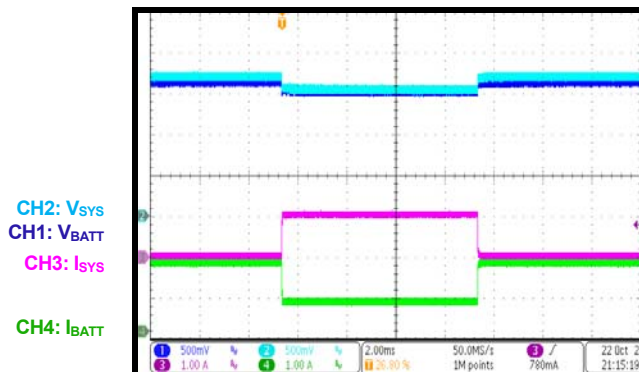
#### Constant Current Charge Disabled

$V_{BATT} = 7.4V$ ,  $I_{SYS} = 0.5A$



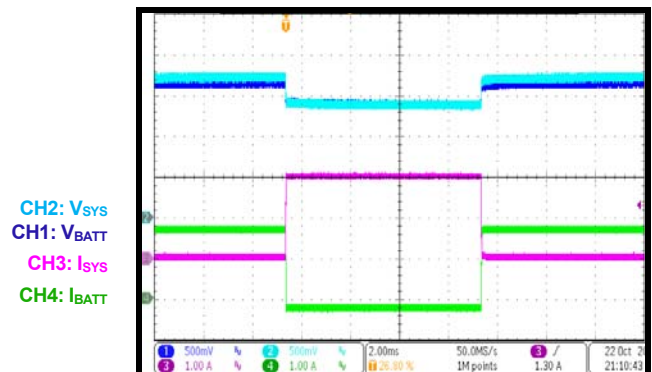
#### Load Transient

$V_{BATT} = 7.4V$ ,  $I_{SYS} = 0A$  to  $1A$   
( $V_{BATT}$  and  $V_{SYS}$  offset 6V)



#### Load Transient

$V_{BATT} = 7.4V$ ,  $I_{SYS} = 0A$  to  $2A$   
( $V_{BATT}$  and  $V_{SYS}$  offset 6V)



### PCB LAYOUT

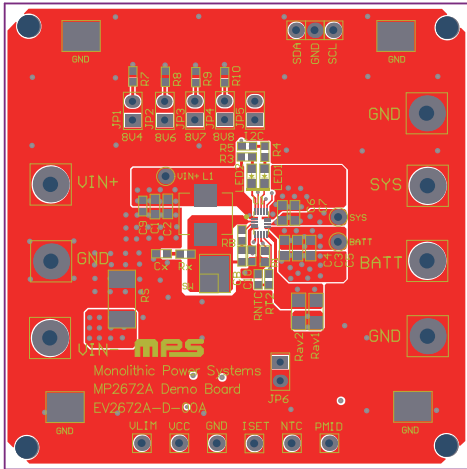


Figure 11: Top Layer

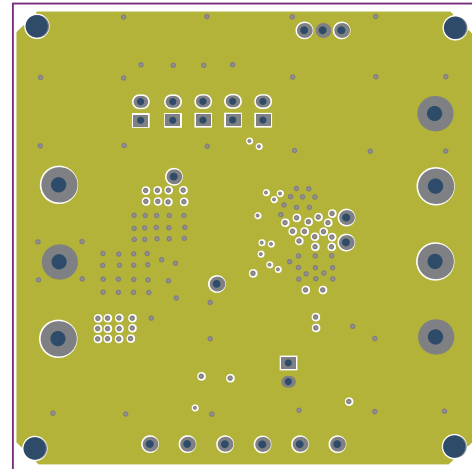


Figure 12: Mid-Layer 1

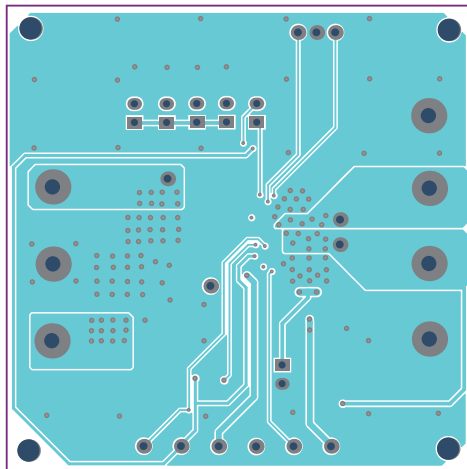


Figure 13: Mid-Layer 2

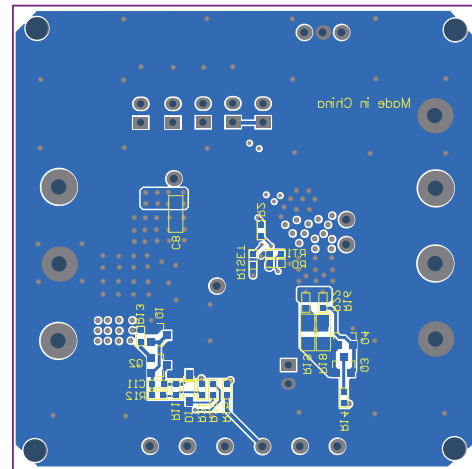


Figure 14: Bottom Layer



## Revision History

Revision #	Revision Date	Description	Pages Updated
1.0	12/2/2020	Initial Release	-

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